

System SLIO

PM-CM || Manual

HB300 | PM-CM || en | 23-32

Power moduls PM 007-xAxx0, Clamp modules CM 001-1BAx0



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1 General

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1.2 About this manual

Objective and contents

The manual describes the power and clamp modules of the System SLIO.

- It describes the structure and application.
- The manual is targeted at users who have a background in automation technology.
- The manual consists of chapters. Each chapter describes a completed topic.
- For guidance, the manual provides:
 - An overall table of contents at the beginning of the manual.
 - References with pages numbers.

Validity of the documentation

Power modules	Order no.	as of version:
PM 007 - DC 24V 10A	007-1AB00	PM HW: 1
PM 007 - DC 24V 4A, DC 24V/5V 2A	007-1AB10	PM HW: 1
PM 007 - Power electronic module - spare part	007-0AA00	PM-HW: 1

Clamp modules	Order no.	as of version:
CM 001 - 8xDC 24V clamps	001-1BA00	CM HW: 1
CM 001 - 8xDC 0V clamps	001-1BA10	CM HW: 1
CM 001 - 4xDC 24V and 4xDC 0V clamps	001-1BA20	CM HW: 1

Icons Headings

Important passages in the text are highlighted by following icons and headings:



DANGER!

Immediate or likely danger. Personal injury is possible.



CAUTION!

Damages to property is likely if these warnings are not heeded.



Supplementary information and useful tips.

1.3 Safety information

Applications conforming with specifications

The system is constructed and produced for:

- communication and process control
- general control and automation tasks
- industrial applications
- operation within the environmental conditions specified in the technical data
- installation into a cubicle



DANGER!

This device is not certified for applications in

- in explosive environments (EX-zone)

Documentation

The manual must be available to all personnel in the

- project design department
- installation department
- commissioning
- operation



CAUTION!

The following conditions must be met before using or commissioning the components described in this manual:

- Hardware modifications to the process control system should only be carried out when the system has been disconnected from power!
- Installation and hardware modifications only by properly trained personnel.
- The national rules and regulations of the respective country must be satisfied (installation, safety, EMC ...)

Disposal

National rules and regulations apply to the disposal of the unit!

2 Basics and mounting

2.1 Safety notes for the user



DANGER!

Protection against dangerous voltages

- When using System SLIO modules, the user must be protected from touching hazardous voltage.
- You must therefore create an insulation concept for your system that includes safe separation of the potential areas of ELV and hazardous voltage.
- Here, observe the insulation voltages between the potential areas specified for the System SLIO modules and take suitable measures, such as using PELV/SELV power supplies for System SLIO modules.

Handling of electrostatic sensitive modules

The modules are equipped with highly integrated components in MOS technology. These components are highly sensitive to over-voltages that occur, e.g. with electrostatic discharge. The following symbol is used to identify these hazardous modules:



The symbol is located on modules, module racks or on packaging and thus indicates electrostatic sensitive modules. Electrostatic sensitive modules can be destroyed by energies and voltages that are far below the limits of human perception. If a person who is not electrically discharged handles electrostatic sensitive modules, voltages can occur and damage components and thus impair the functionality of the modules or render the modules unusable. Modules damaged in this way are in most cases not immediately recognized as faulty. The error can only appear after a long period of operation. Components damaged by static discharge can show temporary faults when exposed to temperature changes, vibrations or load changes. Only the consistent use of protective devices and responsible observance of the handling rules can effectively prevent malfunctions and failures on electrostatic sensitive modules.

Shipping of modules

Please always use the original packaging for shipping.

Measurement and modification of electrostatic sensitive modules

For measurements on electrostatic sensitive modules the following must be observed:

- Floating measuring instruments must be discharged before use.
- Measuring instruments used must be grounded.

When modifying electrostatic sensitive modules, ensure that a grounded soldering iron is used.



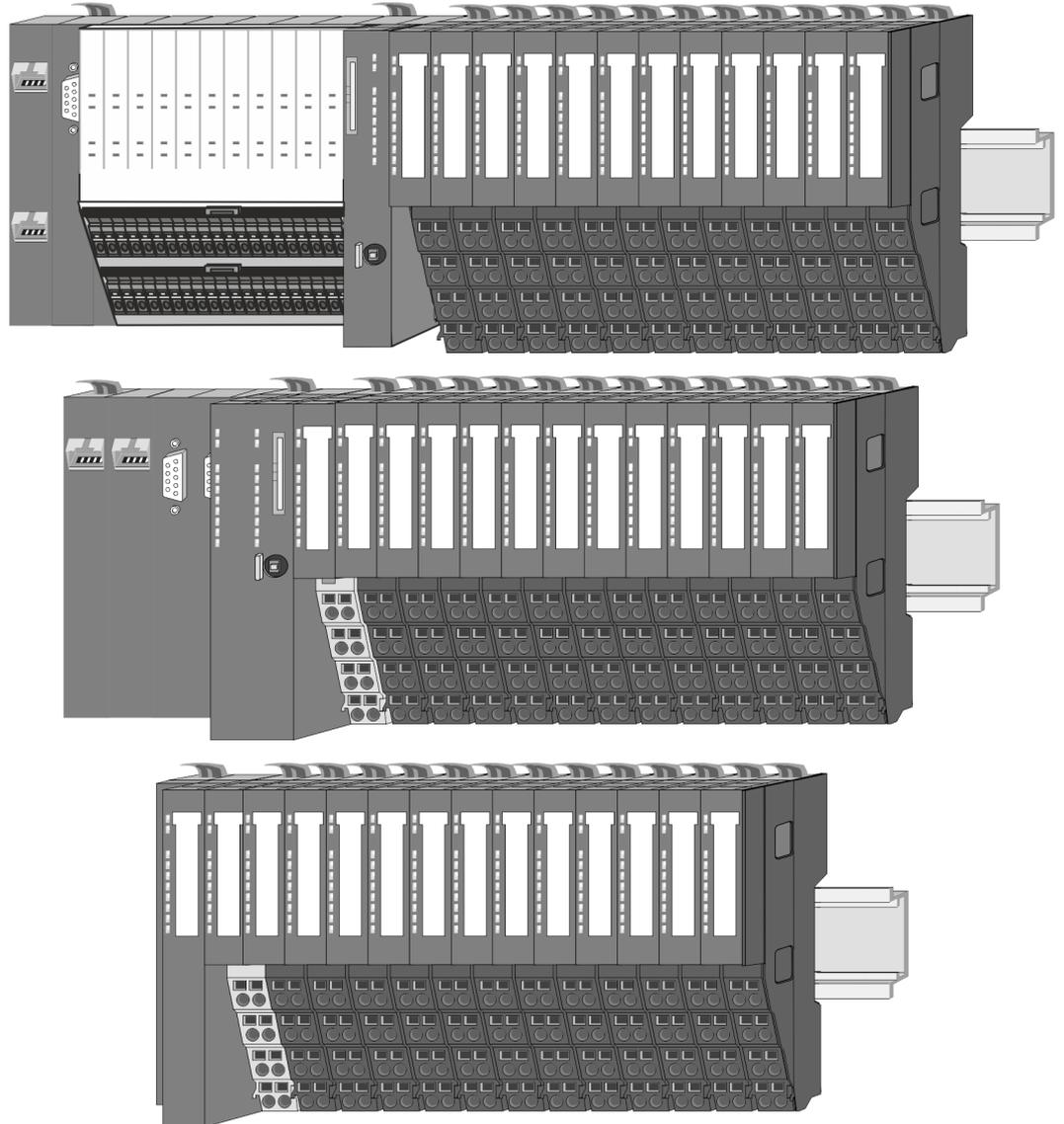
CAUTION!

When working with and on electrostatic sensitive modules, make sure that personnel and equipment are adequately grounded.

2.2 System conception

2.2.1 Overview

The System SLIO is a modular automation system for assembly on a 35mm mounting rail. By means of the periphery modules with 2, 4, 8 and 16 channels this system may properly be adapted matching to your automation tasks. The wiring complexity is low, because the supply of the DC 24V power section supply is integrated to the backplane bus and defective modules may be replaced with standing wiring. By deployment of the power modules in contrasting colors within the system, further isolated areas may be defined for the DC 24V power section supply, respectively the electronic power supply may be extended with 2A.



2.2.2 Components

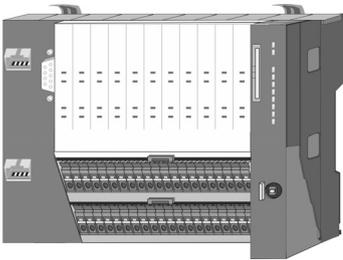
- CPU (head module)
- Bus coupler (head module)
- Line extension
- 8x periphery modules
- 16x periphery modules
- Power modules
- Accessories



CAUTION!

Only Yaskawa modules may be combined. A mixed operation with third-party modules is not allowed!

CPU 01xC



With the CPU 01xC electronic, input/output components and power supply are integrated to one casing. In addition, up to 64 periphery modules of the System SLIO can be connected to the backplane bus. As head module via the integrated power module for power supply CPU electronic and the I/O components are supplied as well as the electronic of the periphery modules, which are connected via backplane bus. To connect the power supply of the I/O components and for DC 24V power section supply of via backplane bus connected periphery modules, the CPU has removable connectors. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the backplane bus, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.

CPU 01x



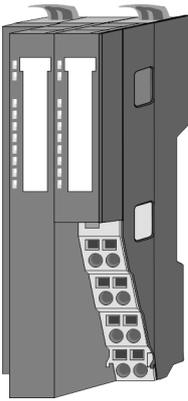
With this CPU 01x, CPU electronic and power supply are integrated to one casing. As head module, via the integrated power module for power supply, CPU electronic and the electronic of the connected periphery modules are supplied. The DC 24V power section supply for the linked periphery modules is established via a further connection of the power module. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the backplane bus, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.



CAUTION!

CPU part and power module may not be separated!
Here you may only exchange the electronic module!

Bus coupler



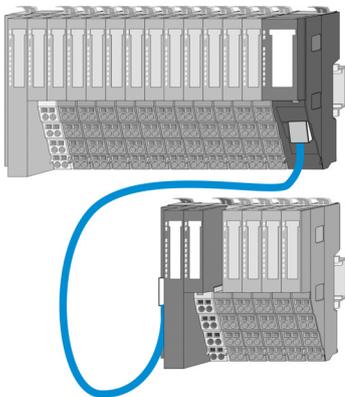
With a bus coupler bus interface and power module is integrated to one casing. With the bus interface you get access to a subordinated bus system. As head module, via the integrated power module for power supply, bus interface and the electronic of the connected periphery modules are supplied. The DC 24V power section supply for the linked periphery modules is established via a further connection of the power module. By installing of up to 64 periphery modules at the bus coupler, these are electrically connected, this means these are assigned to the backplane bus, the electronic modules are power supplied and each periphery module is connected to the DC 24V power section supply.



CAUTION!

Bus interface and power module may not be separated!
Here you may only exchange the electronic module!

Line extension

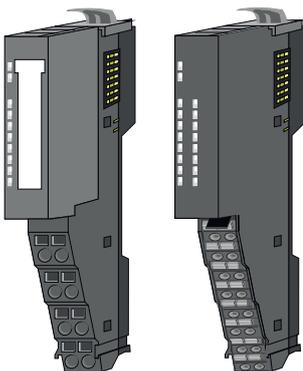


In the System SLIO there is the possibility to place up to 64 modules in on line. By means of the line extension you can divide this line into several lines. Here you have to place a line extension master at each end of a line and the subsequent line has to start with a line extension slave. Master and slave are to be connected via a special connecting cable. In this way, you can divide a line on up to 5 lines. Depending on the line extension, the max. number of pluggable modules at the System SLIO bus is decreased accordingly. To use the line extension no special configuration is required.



Please note that some modules do not support line extensions due to the system. For more information, please refer to the compatibility list. This can be found in the 'Download Center' of www.yaskawa.eu.com under 'System SLIO Compatibility list'.

Periphery modules

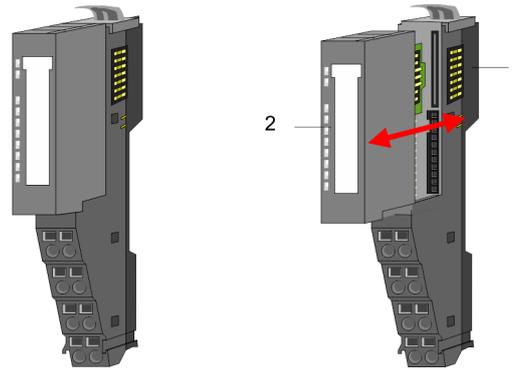


The periphery modules are available in the following 2 versions, whereby of each the electronic part can be replaced with standing wiring:

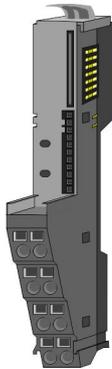
- 8x periphery module for a maximum of 8 channels.
- 16x periphery module for a maximum of 16 channels.

8x periphery modules

Each 8x periphery module consists of a *terminal* and an *electronic module*.



- 1 Terminal module
- 2 Electronic module

Terminal module

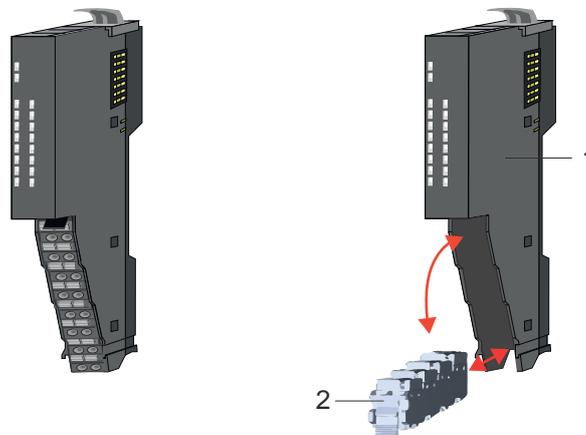
The *terminal* module serves to carry the electronic module, contains the backplane bus with power supply for the electronic, the DC 24V power section supply and the staircase-shaped terminal for wiring. Additionally the terminal module has a locking system for fixing at a mounting rail. By means of this locking system your system may be assembled outside of your switchgear cabinet to be later mounted there as whole system.

Electronic module

The functionality of a periphery module is defined by the *electronic module*, which is mounted to the terminal module by a sliding mechanism. With an error the defective electronic module may be exchanged for a functional module with standing installation. At the front side there are LEDs for status indication. For simple wiring each module shows corresponding connection information at the front and at the side.

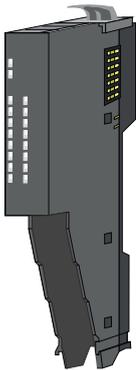
16x periphery modules

Each 16x periphery module consists of an *electronic unit* and a *terminal block*.



- 1 Electronic unit
- 2 Terminal block

Electronic unit



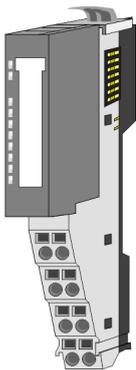
The functionality of a 16x periphery module is defined via the terminal block, which is connected to the *electronic unit* via a secure flap mechanism. In the case of an error you can exchange the defective electronic unit for a functional unit with standing wiring. At the front side there are LEDs for status indication. For easy wiring each electronic unit shows corresponding connection information at the side. The electronic unit provides the slot for the terminal block for the wiring and contains the backplane bus with power supply for the electronic and the connection to the DC 24V power section supply. Additionally the electronic unit has a locking system for fixing it at a mounting rail. By means of this locking system your system may be assembled outside of your switchgear cabinet to be later mounted there as whole system.

Terminal block



The *terminal block* provides the electrical interface for the signalling and supplies lines of the module. When mounting the terminal block, it is attached to the bottom of the electronic unit and turned towards the electronic unit until it clicks into place. With the wiring a "push-in" spring-clip technique is used. This allows a quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines. The clamping off takes place by means of a screwdriver.

Power module



In the System SLIO the power supply is established by power modules. These are either integrated to the head module or may be installed between the periphery modules. Depending on the power module isolated areas of the DC 24V power section supply may be defined respectively the electronic power supply may be extended with 2A. For better recognition the colour of the power modules are contrasting to the periphery modules.

2.2.3 Accessories

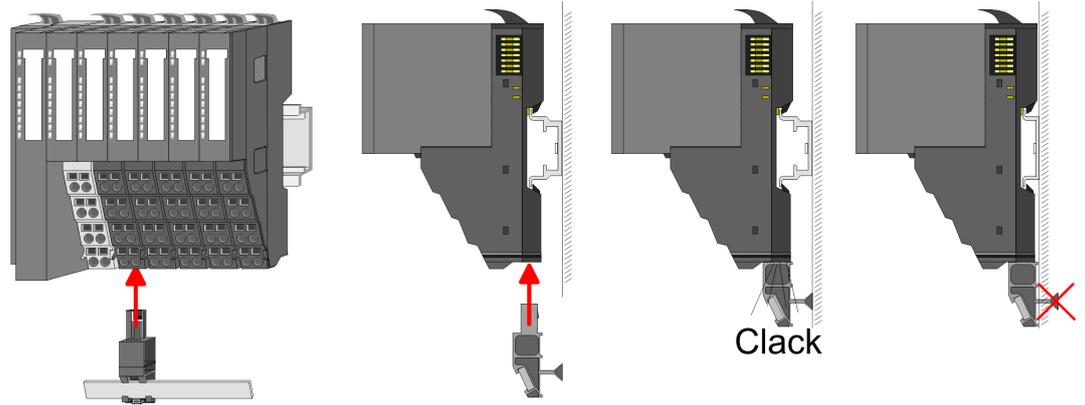
Shield bus carrier



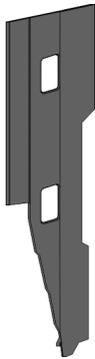
Please note that a shield bus carrier cannot be mounted on a 16x periphery module!



The shield bus carrier (order no.: 000-0AB00) serves to carry the shield bus (10mm x 3mm) to connect cable shields. Shield bus carriers, shield bus and shield fixings are not in the scope of delivery. They are only available as accessories. The shield bus carrier is mounted underneath the terminal of the terminal module. With a flat mounting rail for adaptation to a flat mounting rail you may remove the spacer of the shield bus carrier.



Bus cover



With each head module, to protect the backplane bus connectors, there is a mounted bus cover in the scope of delivery. You have to remove the bus cover of the head module before mounting a System SLIO module. For the protection of the backplane bus connector you always have to mount the bus cover at the last module of your system again. The bus cover has the order no. 000-0AA00.

Coding pins



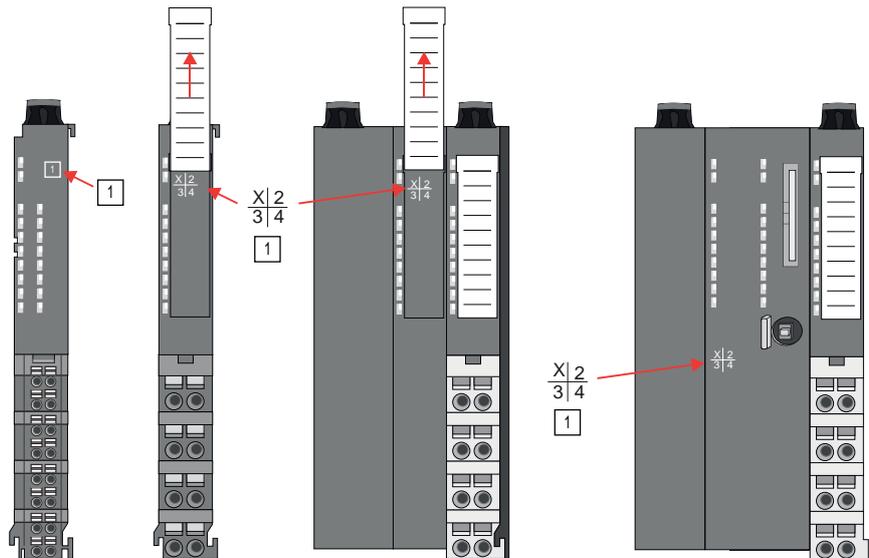
Please note that a coding pin cannot be installed on a 16x periphery module! Here you have to make sure that the associated terminal block is plugged again when the electronics unit is replaced.

There is the possibility to fix the assignment of electronic and terminal module. Here coding pins (order number 000-0AC00) can be used. The coding pin consists of a coding jack and a coding plug. By combining electronic and terminal module with coding pin, the coding jack remains in the electronic module and the coding plug in the terminal module. This ensures that after replacing the electronic module just another electronic module can be plugged with the same encoding.

2.2.4 Hardware revision

Hardware revision on the front

- The hardware revision is printed on every System SLIO module.
- Since a System SLIO 8x peripheral module consists of a terminal and electronic module, you will find a hardware revision printed on each of them.
- Authoritative for the hardware revision of a System SLIO module is the hardware revision of the electronic module. This is located under the labeling strip of the corresponding electronic module.
- Depending on the module type, there are the following 2 variants e.g. to indicate hardware revision 1:
 - With current labelling there is a 1 on the front.
 - With earlier labelling, the 1 is marked with 'X' on a number grid.



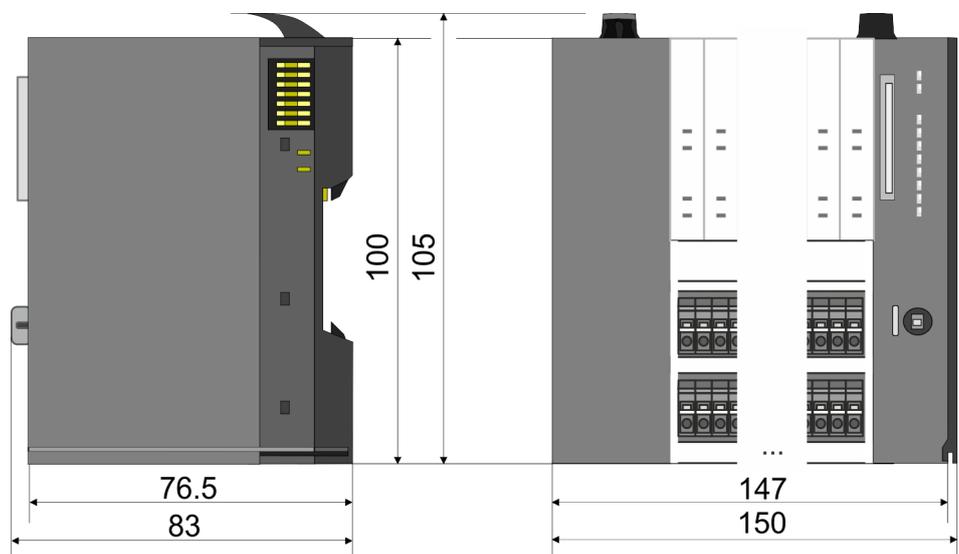
Hardware revision via web server

On the CPUs and some bus couplers, you can check the hardware revision 'HW Revision' via the integrated web server.

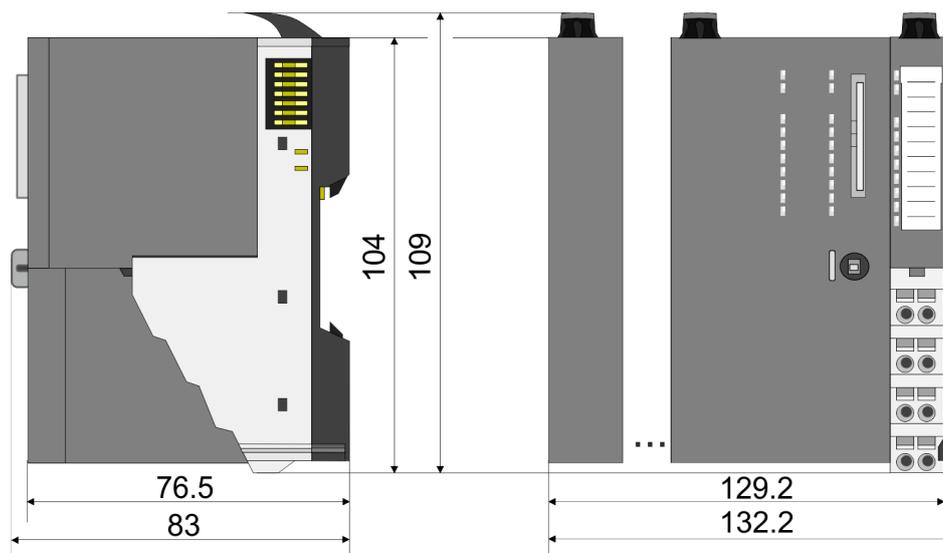
2.3 Dimensions

CPU 01xC

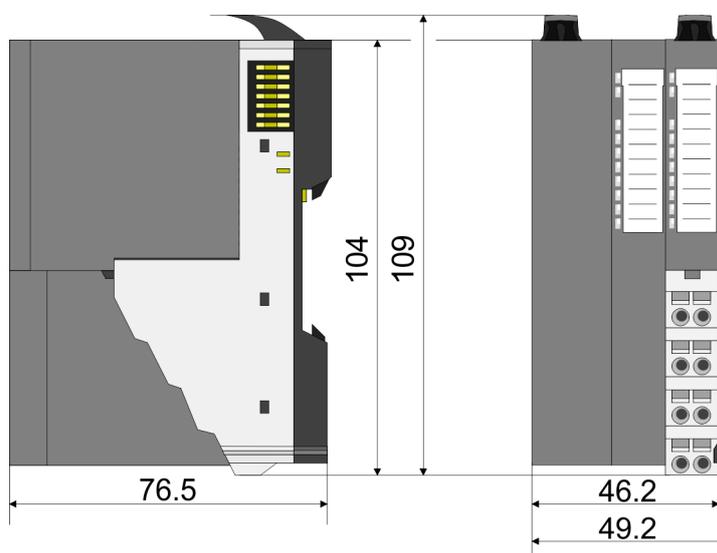
All dimensions are in mm.



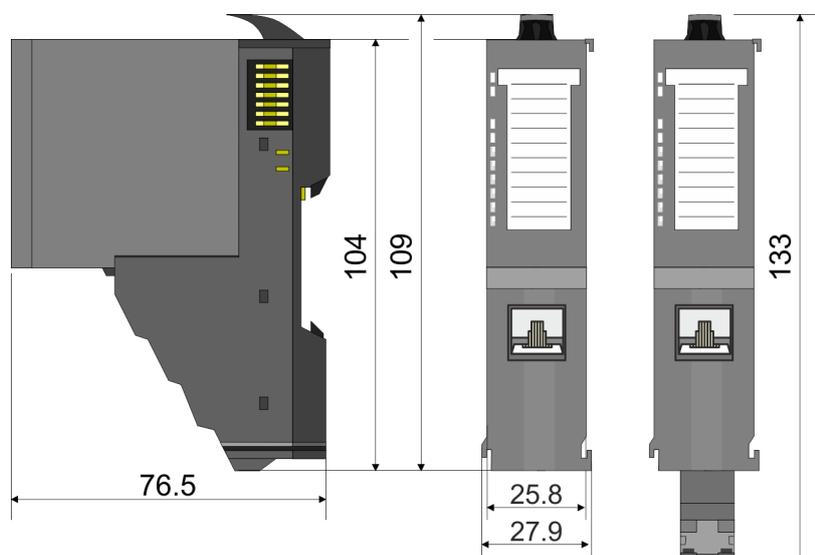
CPU 01x



Bus coupler and line extension slave

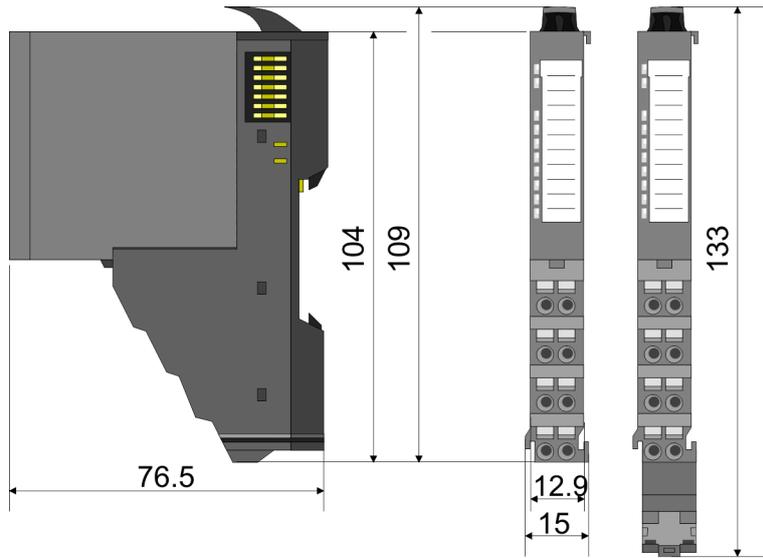


Line extension master

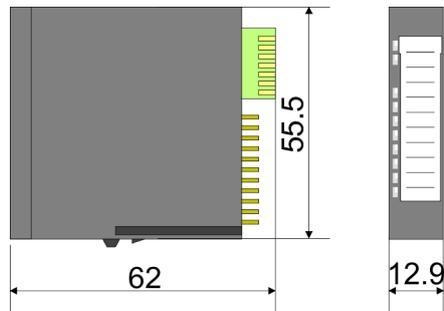


Dimensions

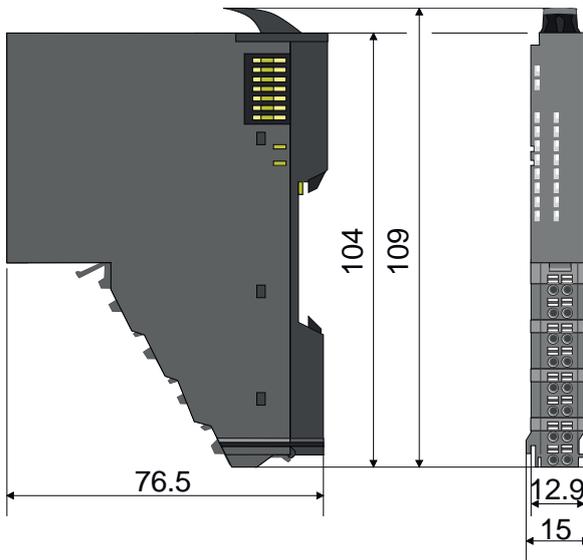
8x periphery module



Electronic module



16x periphery module



2.4 Mounting 8x periphery modules



CAUTION!

Requirements for UL compliance use

- Use for power supply exclusively SELV/PELV power supplies.
- The System SLIO must be installed and operated in a housing according to IEC 61010-1 9.3.2 c).

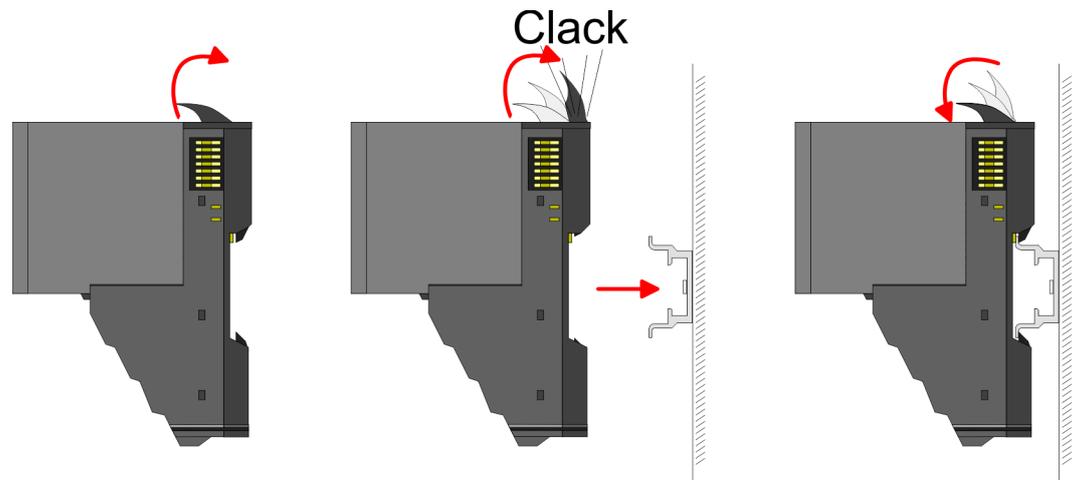


CAUTION!

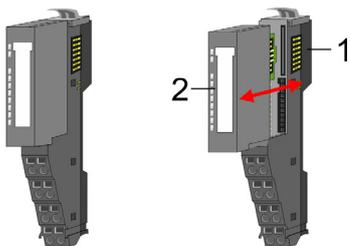
Danger of injury from electrical shock and damage to the unit!

Put the System SLIO in a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the System SLIO modules!

There is a locking lever at the top side of the module. For mounting and demounting this locking lever is to be turned upwards until this engages. For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module. The module is fixed to the mounting rail by pushing downward the locking lever. The modules may either separately be mounted to the mounting rail or as block. Here is to be considered that each locking lever is opened. The modules are each installed on a mounting rail. The electronic and power section supply are connected via the backplane bus. Up to 64 modules may be mounted. Please consider here that the sum current of the electronic power supply does not exceed the maximum value of 3A. By means of the power module 007-1AB10 the current of the electronic power supply may be expanded accordingly.



Terminal and electronic module

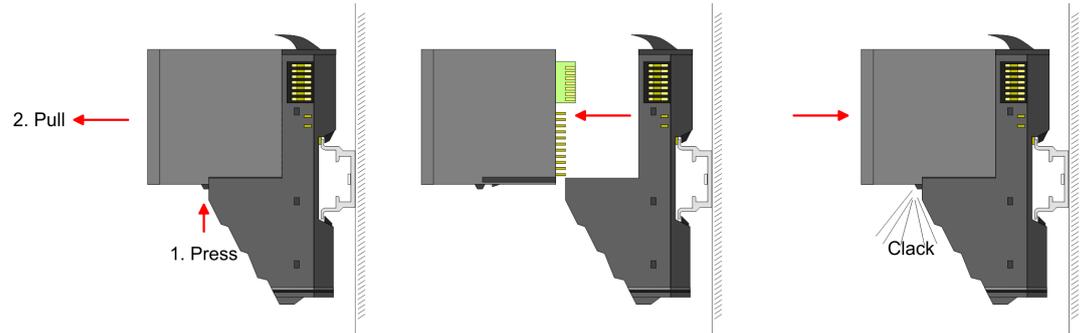


Each periphery module consists of a *terminal* and an *electronic module*.

- 1 Terminal module
- 2 Electronic module

For the exchange of a electronic module, the electronic module may be pulled forward after pressing the unlocking lever at the lower side of the module. For installation plug the electronic module guided by the strips at the lower side until this engages audible to the terminal module.

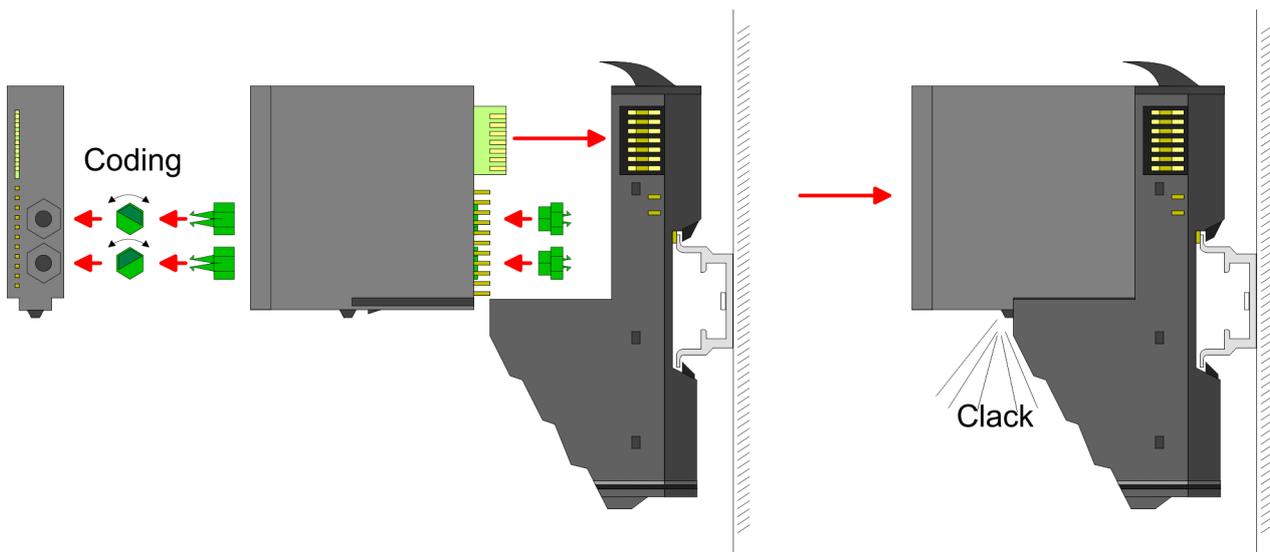
Mounting 8x periphery modules



Coding



There is the possibility to fix the assignment of electronic and terminal module. Here coding pins (order number 000-0AC00) can be used. The coding pin consists of a coding jack and a coding plug. By combining electronic and terminal module with coding pin, the coding jack remains in the electronic module and the coding plug in the terminal module. This ensures that after replacing the electronics module just another electronic module can be plugged with the same encoding.



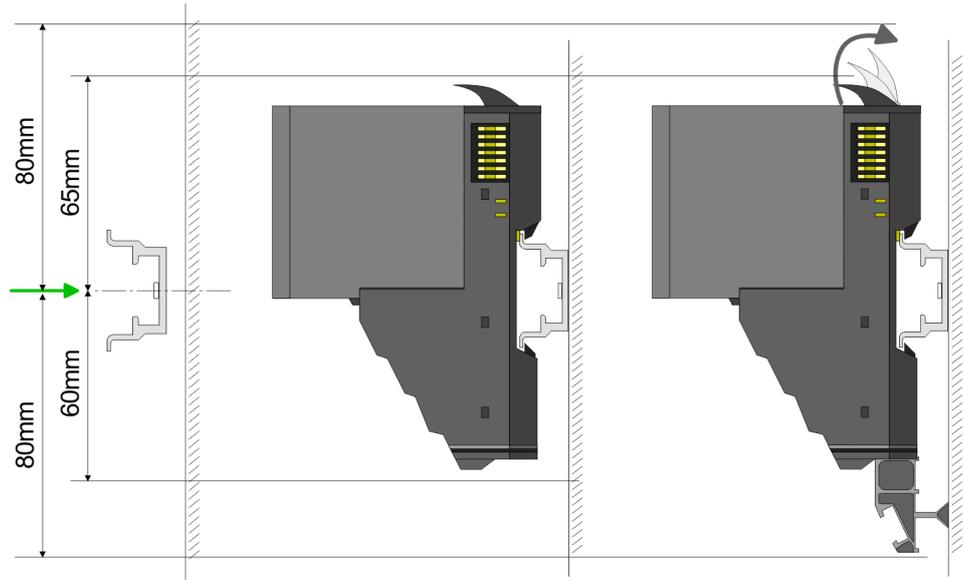
Each electronic module has on its back 2 coding sockets for coding jacks. Due to the characteristics, with the coding jack 6 different positions can be plugged, each. Thus there are 36 possible combinations for coding with the use of both coding sockets.

1. ➤ Plug, according to your coding, 2 coding jacks in the coding sockets of your electronic module until they lock
2. ➤ Now plug the according coding plugs into the coding jacks.
3. ➤ To fix the coding put both the electronic and terminal module together until they lock

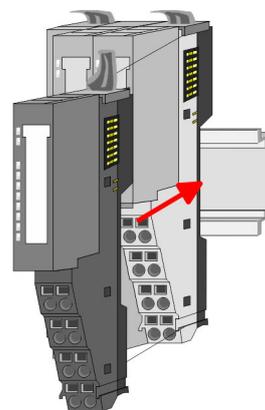
**CAUTION!**

Please consider that when replacing an already coded electronic module, this is always be replaced by an electronic module with the same coding.

Even with an existing coding on the terminal module, you can plug an electronic module without coding. The user is responsible for the correct usage of the coding pins. Yaskawa assumes no liability for incorrectly attached electronic modules or for damages which arise due to incorrect coding!

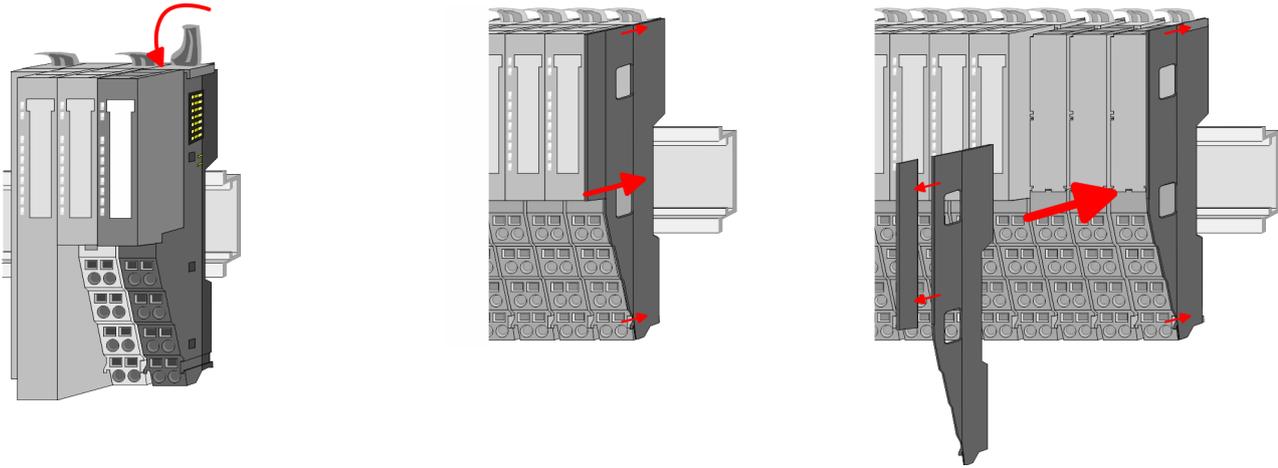
Mounting peripheral modules

1. ➤ Mount the mounting rail! Please consider that a clearance from the middle of the mounting rail of at least 80mm above and 60mm below, respectively 80mm by deployment of shield bus carriers, exist.
2. ➤ Mount your head module such as CPU or field bus coupler.
3. ➤ Before mounting the peripheral modules you have to remove the bus cover at the right side of the head module by pulling it forward. Keep the cover for later mounting.



4. ➤ For mounting turn the locking lever of the module upwards until it engages.
5. ➤ For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module.
6. ➤ Turn the locking lever of the periphery module downward, again.

Mounting 16x periphery modules



7. After mounting the whole system, to protect the backplane bus connectors at the last module you have to mount the bus cover, now. If the last module is a clamp module, for adaptation the upper part of the bus cover is to be removed.

2.5 Mounting 16x periphery modules



CAUTION!

Requirements for UL compliance use

- Use for power supply exclusively SELV/PELV power supplies.
- The System SLIO must be installed and operated in a housing according to IEC 61010-1 9.3.2 c).

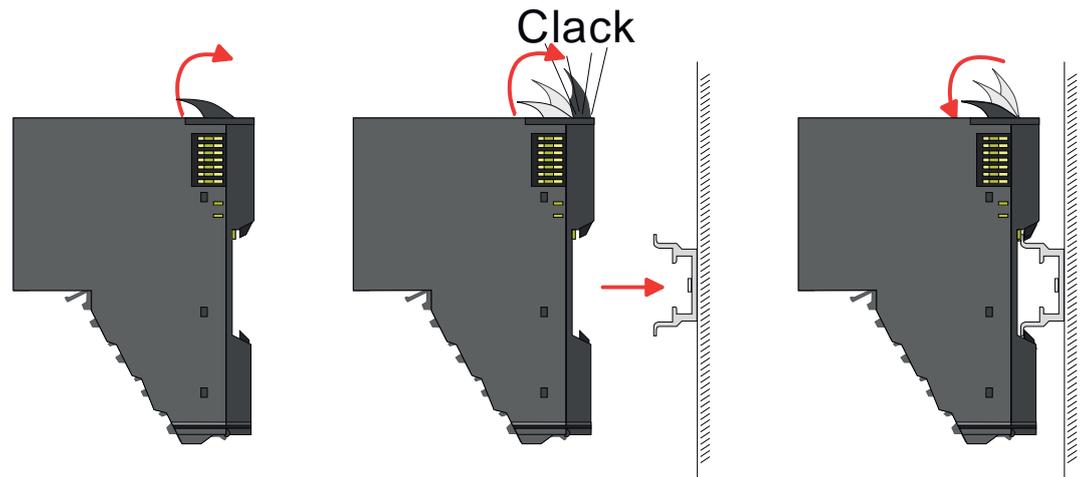


CAUTION!

Danger of injury from electrical shock and damage to the unit!

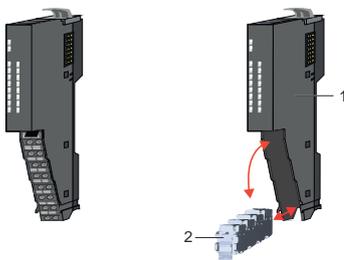
Put the System SLIO in a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the System SLIO modules!

There is a locking lever at the top side of the module. For mounting and demounting this locking lever is to be turned upwards until this engages. For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module. The module is fixed to the mounting rail by pushing downward the locking lever. The modules may either separately be mounted to the mounting rail or as block. Here is to be considered that each locking lever is opened. The modules are each installed on a mounting rail. The electronic and power section supply are connected via the backplane bus. Up to 64 modules may be mounted. Please consider here that the sum current of the electronic power supply does not exceed the maximum value of 3A. By means of the power module 007-1AB10 the current of the electronic power supply may be expanded accordingly.



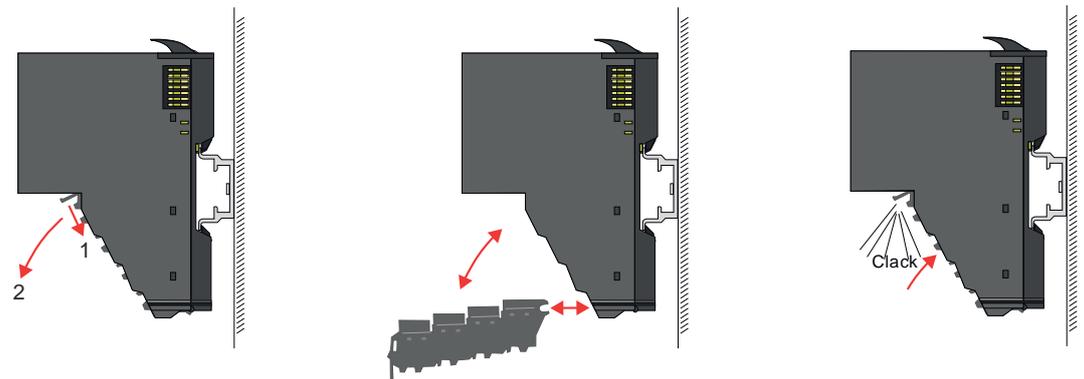
Electronic unit and terminal block

Each 16x periphery module consists of an *electronic unit* and a *terminal block*.

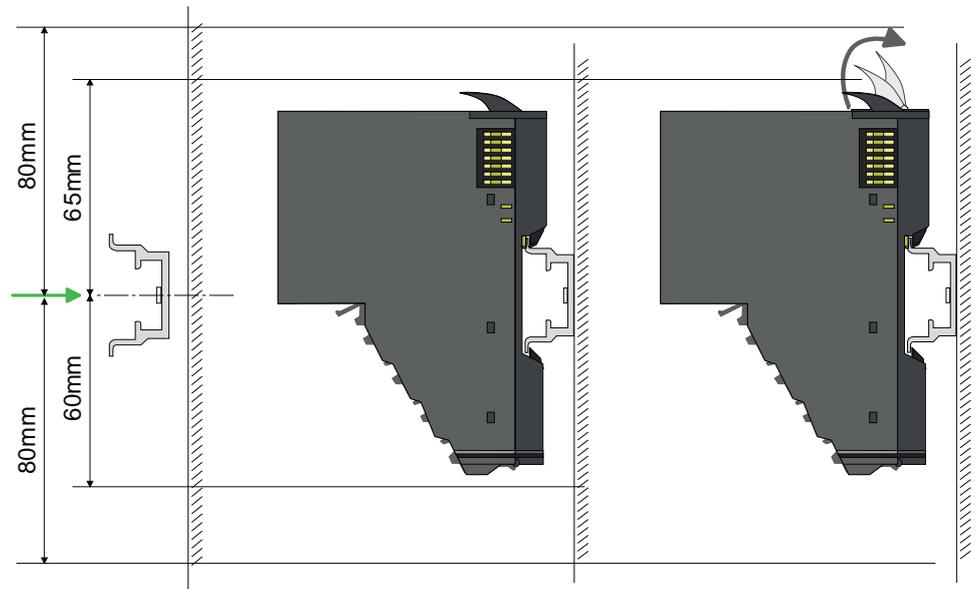


- 1 Electronic unit
- 2 Terminal block

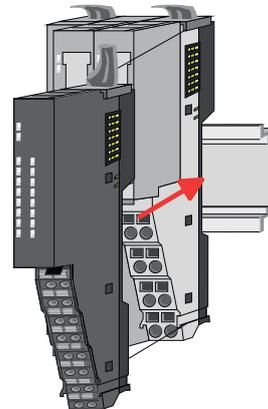
To replace an electronic unit, you can push down and pull off the terminal block after releasing the lock. To mount the terminal block, place it horizontally on the lower side of the electronic unit and push it towards the electronic unit until it clicks into place.



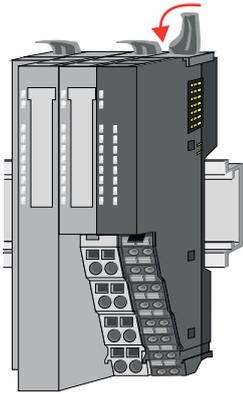
Mounting periphery module



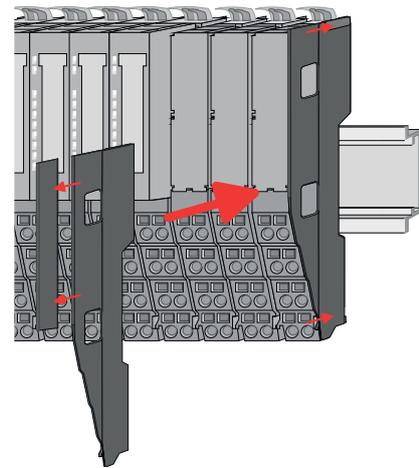
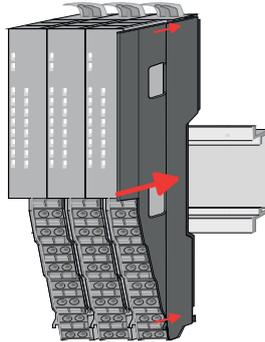
1. ➤ Mount the mounting rail! Please consider that a clearance from the middle of the mounting rail of at least 80mm above and 80mm below exist.
2. ➤ Mount your head module such as CPU or field bus coupler.
3. ➤ Before mounting the periphery modules you have to remove the bus cover at the right side of the head module by pulling it forward. Keep the cover for later mounting.



4. ➤ For mounting turn the locking lever of the module upwards until it engages.
5. ➤ For mounting place the module to the module installed before and push the module to the mounting rail guided by the strips at the upper and lower side of the module.



6. Turn the locking lever of the peripheral module downward, again.



7. After mounting the whole system, to protect the backplane bus connectors at the last module you have to mount the bus cover, now. If the last module is a clamp module, for adaptation the upper part of the bus cover is to be removed.

2.6 Wiring 8x periphery modules

Terminal module terminals



CAUTION!

Do not connect hazardous voltages!

If this is not explicitly stated in the corresponding module description, hazardous voltages are not allowed to be connected to the corresponding terminal module!



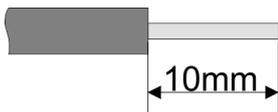
CAUTION!

Danger of injury from electrical shock and damage to the unit!

Put the System SLIO in a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the System SLIO modules!

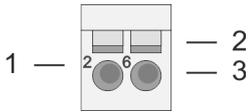
- With wiring the terminal modules, terminals with spring clamp technology are used for wiring. The spring clamp technology allows quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines. In contrast to screw terminal connections this type of connection is vibration proof.

Data

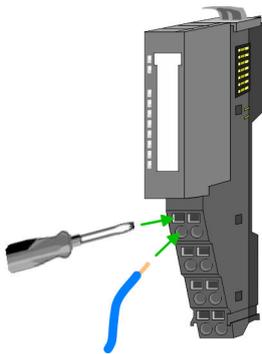
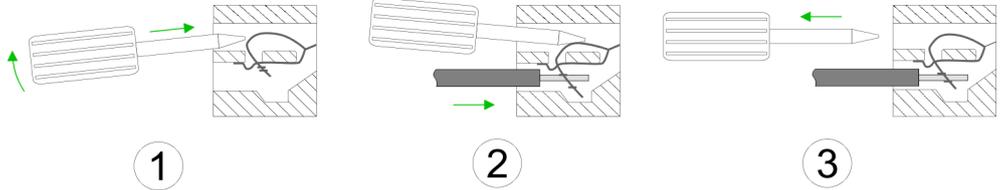


U_{\max}	240V AC / 30V DC
I_{\max}	10A
Cross section	0.08 ... 1.5mm ² (AWG 28 ... 16)
Stripping length	10mm

Wiring procedure



- 1 Pin number at the connector
- 2 Opening for screwdriver
- 3 Connection hole for wire



- 1. Insert a suited screwdriver at an angle into the square opening as shown. Press and hold the screwdriver in the opposite direction to open the contact spring.
- 2. Insert the stripped end of wire into the round opening. You can use wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm²
- 3. By removing the screwdriver, the wire is securely fixed via the spring contact to the terminal.

Shield attachment

↳ Chap. 2.9 'Shielding' page 29

2.7 Wiring 16x periphery modules

Terminal block connectors



CAUTION!

Do not connect hazardous voltages!

If this is not explicitly stated in the corresponding module description, hazardous voltages are not allowed to be connected to the corresponding terminal block!

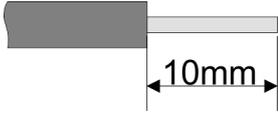


CAUTION!

Danger of injury from electrical shock and damage to the unit!

Put the System SLIO in a safe, powered down state before starting installation, disassembly or wiring of the System SLIO modules!

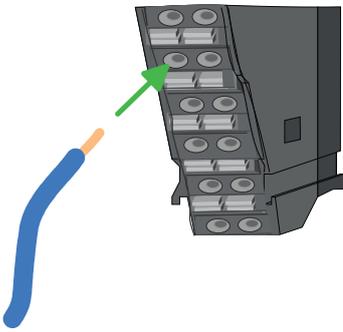
- The 16x periphery module has a removable terminal block for wiring.
- With the wiring of the terminal block a "push-in" spring-clip technique is used. This allows a quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines.
- The clamping off takes place by means of a screwdriver.
- Please use copper wire only!

Data

U_{max}	30V DC
I_{max}	10A
Cross section solid wire	0.25 ... 0.75mm ²
Cross section with ferrule	0.14 ... 0.75mm ²
Wire type	CU
AWG	24 ... 16
Stripping length	10mm

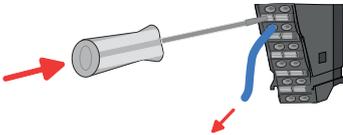
Wiring procedure

- 1 Release area
- 2 Connection hole for wire

Insert wire

The wiring happens without a tool.

1. Determine according to the casing labelling the connection position.
2. Insert through the round connection hole of the according contact your prepared wire until it stops, so that it is fixed.
 - ⇒ By pushing the contact spring opens, thus ensuring the necessary contact pressure.

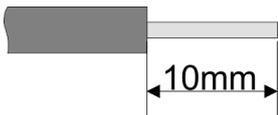
Remove wire

The wire is to be removed by means of a screwdriver with 2.5mm blade width.

1. Press with your screwdriver vertically at the release button.
 - ⇒ The contact spring releases the wire.
2. Pull the wire from the round hole.

2.8 Wiring power modules**Terminal module terminals**

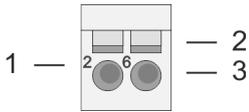
Power modules are either integrated to the head module or may be installed between the periphery modules. With power modules, terminals with spring clamp technology are used for wiring. The spring clamp technology allows quick and easy connection of your signal and supply lines. In contrast to screw terminal connections this type of connection is vibration proof.

Data

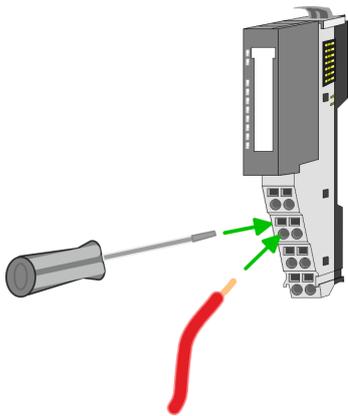
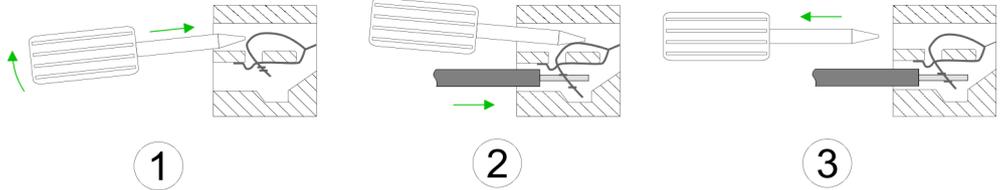
U_{max}	30V DC
I_{max}	10A
Cross section	0.08 ... 1.5mm ² (AWG 28 ... 16)
Stripping length	10mm

Wiring power modules

Wiring procedure

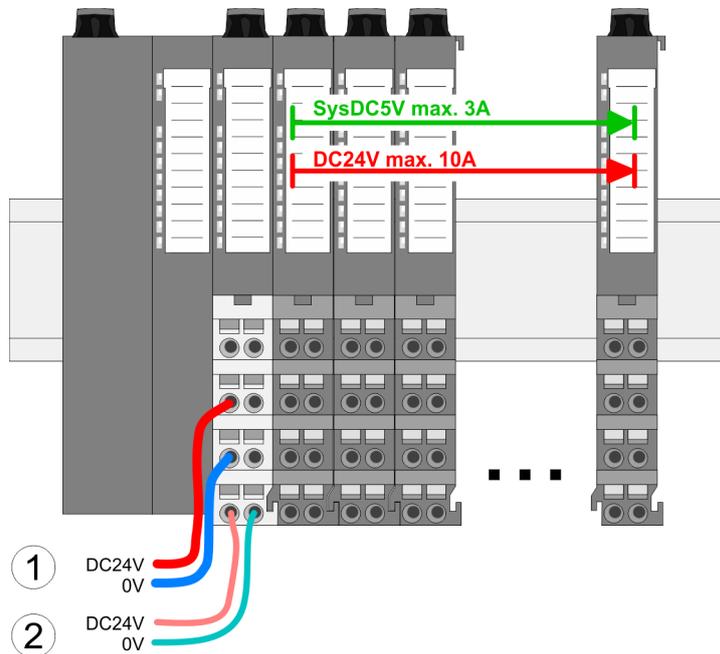


- 1 Pin number at the connector
- 2 Opening for screwdriver
- 3 Connection hole for wire

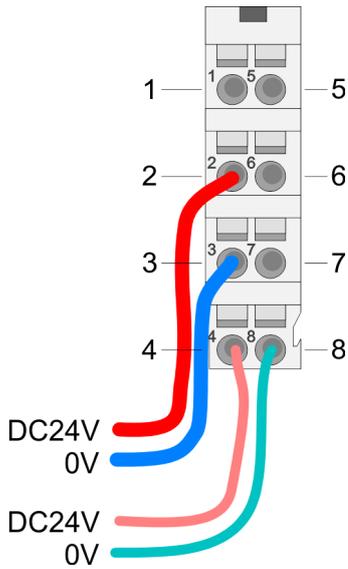


- 1. Insert a suited screwdriver at an angle into the square opening as shown. Press and hold the screwdriver in the opposite direction to open the contact spring.
- 2. Insert the stripped end of wire into the round opening. You can use wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm²
- 3. By removing the screwdriver, the wire is securely fixed via the spring contact to the terminal.

Standard wiring



- (1) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- (2) DC 24V for electronic power supply bus coupler and I/O area

PM - Power module

For wires with a core cross-section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².

Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	---	---	not connected
2	DC 24V	I	DC 24V for power section supply
3	0V	I	GND for power section supply
4	Sys DC 24V	I	DC 24V for electronic power supply
5	---	---	not connected
6	DC 24V	I	DC 24V for power section supply
7	0V	I	GND for power section supply
8	Sys 0V	I	GND for electronic power supply

I: Input

**CAUTION!**

Since the power section supply is not internally protected, it is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected by a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z!



The electronic power section supply is internally protected against higher voltage by fuse. The fuse is within the power module. If the fuse releases, its electronic module must be exchanged!

Fusing

- The power section supply is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected with a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z!
- It is recommended to externally protect the electronic power supply for head modules and I/O area with a 2A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 2A characteristics Z.
- The electronic power supply for the I/O area of the power module 007-1AB10 should also be externally protected with a 1A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 1A characteristics Z.

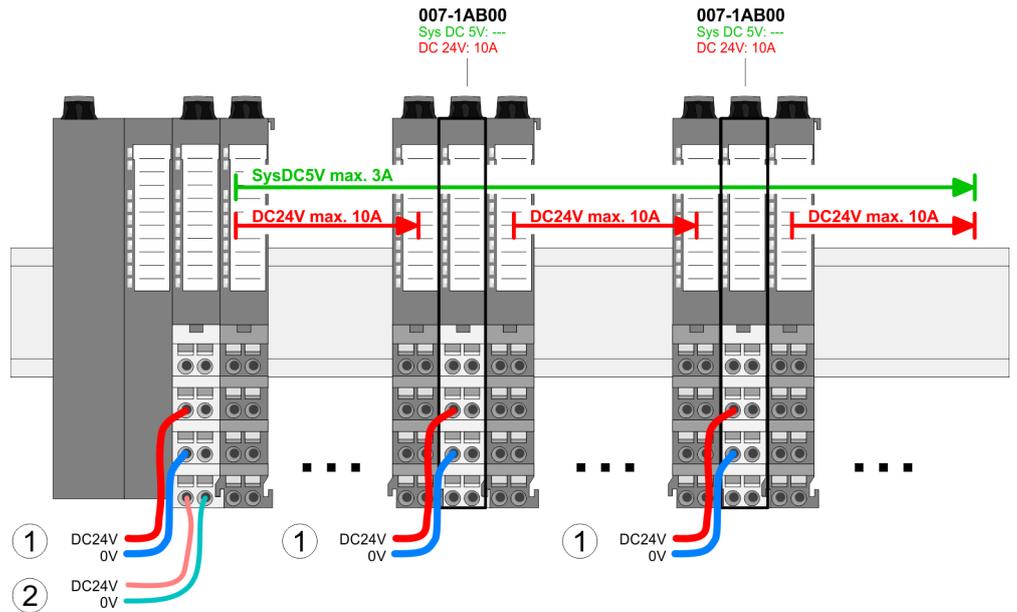
State of the electronic power supply via LEDs

After PowerON of the System SLIO the LEDs RUN respectively MF get on so far as the sum current does not exceed 3A. With a sum current greater than 3A the LEDs may not be activated. Here the power module with the order number 007-1AB10 is to be placed between the peripheral modules.

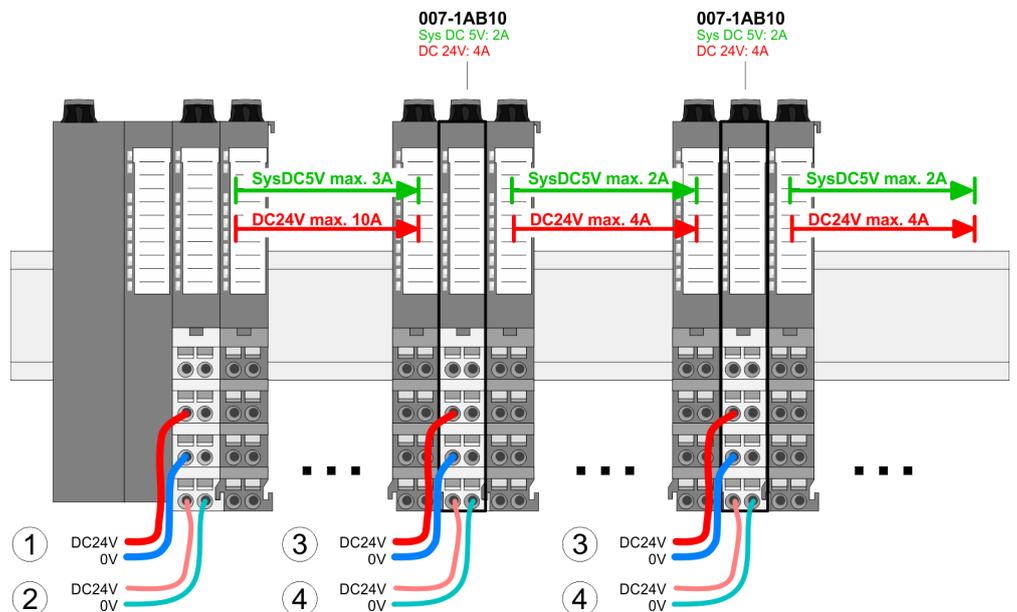
Deployment of the power modules

- If the 10A for the power section supply is no longer sufficient, you may use the power module with the order number 007-1AB00. So you have also the possibility to define isolated groups.
- The power module with the order number 007-1AB10 is to be used if the 3A for the electronic power supply at the backplane bus is no longer sufficient. Additionally you get an isolated group for the DC 24V power section supply with max. 4A.
- By placing the power module 007-1AB10 at the following backplane bus modules may be placed with a sum current of max. 2A. Afterwards a power module is to be placed again. To secure the power supply, the power modules may be mixed used.

Power module 007-1AB00



Power module 007-1AB10

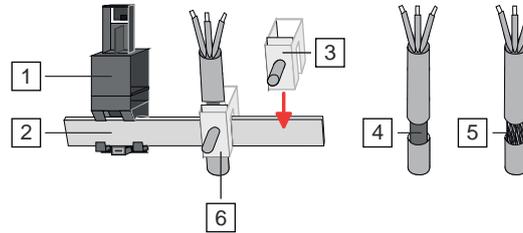


- (1) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- (2) DC 24V for electronic power supply bus coupler and I/O area
- (3) DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 4A)
- (4) DC 24V for electronic power supply I/O area

2.9 Shielding

Overview

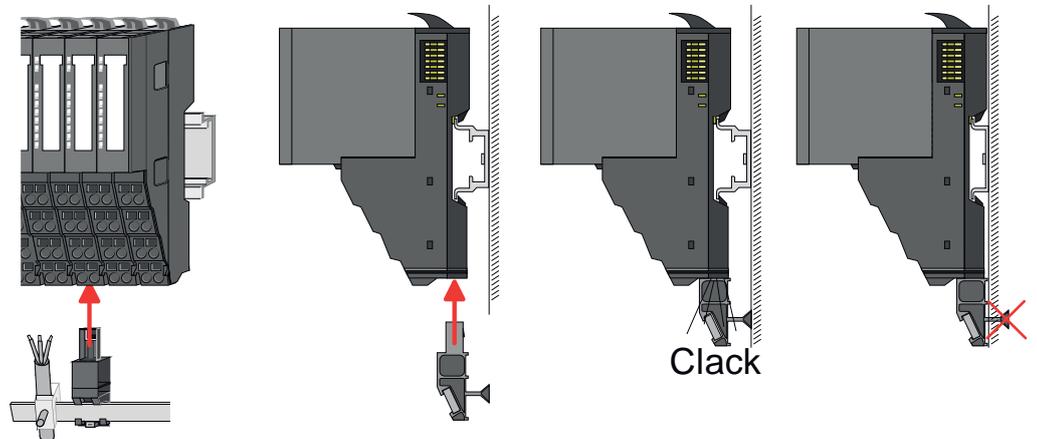
Shielding is required for interference-free signal transmission. This weakens electrical, magnetic or electromagnetic interference fields. To attach the shield the mounting of shield bus carriers are necessary. The shield bus carrier (available as accessory) serves to carry the shield bus to connect cable shields. ↪ *Chap. 2.14.2 'Installation guidelines' page 40*



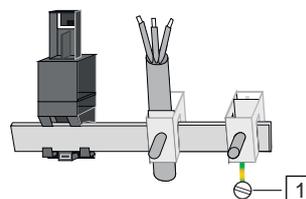
- 1 Shield bus carrier
- 2 Shield bus (10mm x 3mm)
- 3 Shield clamp
- 4 Cable shield with metal foil
- 5 Cable shield with wire mesh (close-meshed)
- 6 Cable shield mounted with shield clamp

Shield attachment

1. ➔ Each System SLIO 8x peripheral module has a carrier hole for the shield bus carrier. Push the shield bus carrier, until they engage into the module. With a flat mounting rail for adaptation to a flat mounting rail you may remove the spacer of the shield bus carrier.
2. ➔ Put your shield bus into the shield bus carrier.



3. ➔ Attach the cables with the accordingly stripped cable screen and fix it by the shield clamp with the shield bus.
4. ➔ The shield bus must always be earthed. Keep all cable connections as short as possible. To earth the shield bus, connect a PE conductor to the shield bus via a shield clamp and screw it to the base plate as close as possible and with low impedance.



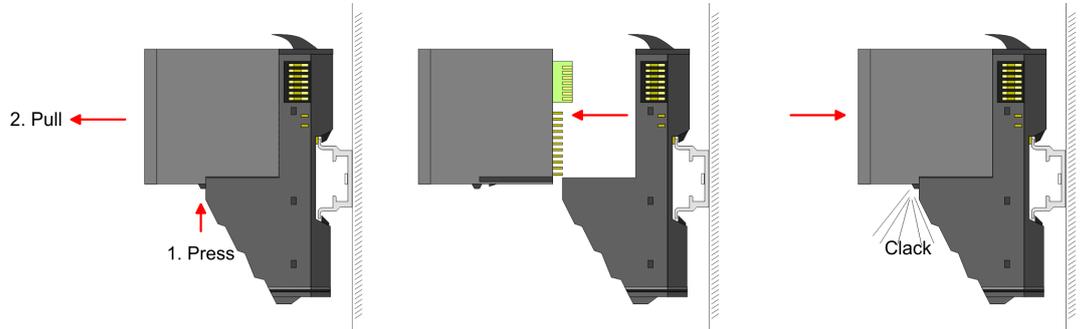
- 1 PE conductor screwed to base plate

2.10 Demounting 8x periphery modules

Proceeding

Exchange of an electronic module

1. ➤ Power-off your system.



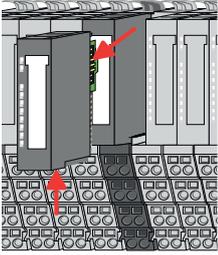
2. ➤ For the exchange of a electronic module, the electronic module may be pulled forward after pressing the unlocking lever at the lower side of the module.
3. ➤ For installation plug the new electronic module guided by the strips at the lower side until this engages to the terminal module.
 - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.



Easy Maintenance

'Easy Maintenance' means the support for adding and removing electronic modules during operation without having to restart the system. If this is supported by your head module, you will find more detailed information on this in the "Deployment" chapter. ↪ Chap. 2.12 'Easy Maintenance' page 36

Exchange of a periphery module

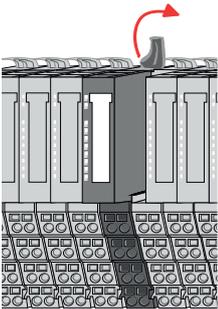


1. ➤ Power-off your system.
2. ➤ Remove if exists the wiring of the module.
3. ➤

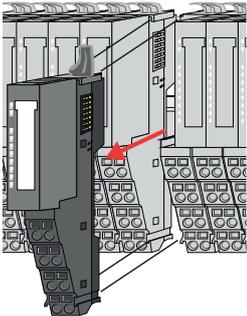


For demounting and exchange of a (head) module or a group of modules, due to mounting reasons you always have to remove the electronic module right beside. After mounting it may be plugged again.

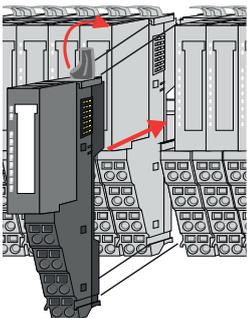
Press the unlocking lever at the lower side of the just mounted right module and pull it forward.



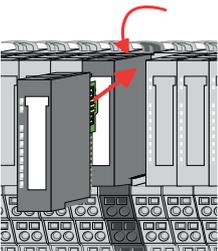
4. ➤ Turn the locking lever of the module to be exchanged upwards.



5. ➤ Pull the module.
6. ➤ For mounting turn the locking lever of the module to be mounted upwards.



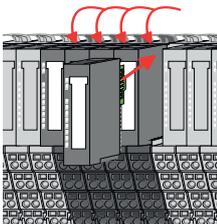
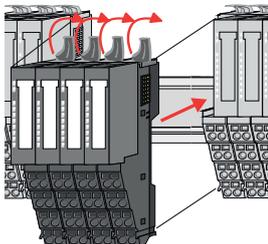
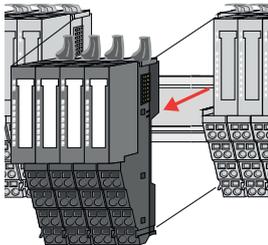
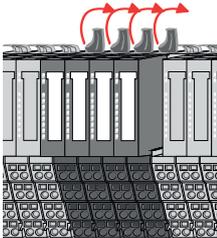
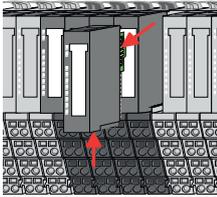
7. ➤ To mount the module put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.
8. ➤ Turn the locking lever downward, again.



9. ➤ Plug again the electronic module, which you have removed before.
10. ➤ Wire your module.
 - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

Demounting 8x periphery modules

Exchange of a module group



1. ➤ Power-off your system.
2. ➤ Remove if exists the wiring of the module group.

3. ➤  *For demounting and exchange of a (head) module or a group of modules, due to mounting reasons you always have to remove the electronic module right beside. After mounting it may be plugged again.*

Press the unlocking lever at the lower side of the just mounted right module near the module group and pull it forward.

4. ➤ Turn all the locking lever of the module group to be exchanged upwards.
5. ➤ Pull the module group forward.
6. ➤ For mounting turn all the locking lever of the module group to be mounted upwards.

7. ➤ To mount the module group put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.
8. ➤ Turn all the locking lever downward, again.

9. ➤ Plug again the electronic module, which you have removed before.
10. ➤ Wire your module group.
 - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

2.11 Demounting 16x periphery modules

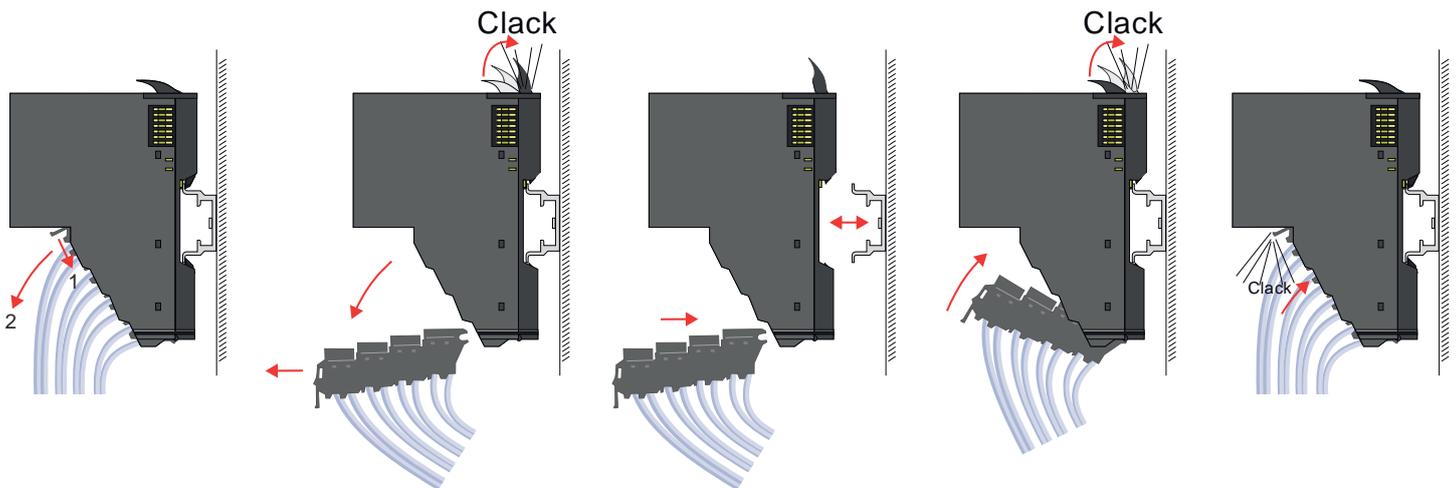
Proceeding

Exchange of an electronic unit

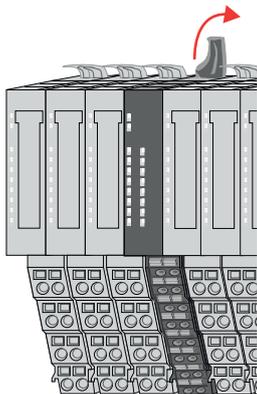
1. ➤ Power-off your system.
2. ➤ To replace an electronic unit, you can push down and pull off the terminal block after releasing the lock.

To mount the terminal block, place it horizontally on the lower side of the electronic unit and push it towards the electronic unit until it clicks into place.

⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.



Exchange of a 16x periphery module



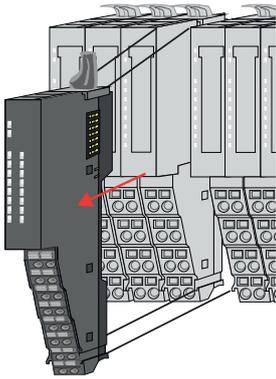
1. ➤ Power-off your system.
2. ➤ Remove if exists the wiring of the module respectively the wired terminal block.
3. ➤



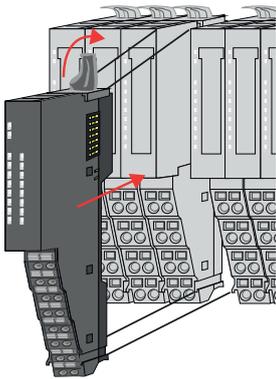
In contrast to 8x periphery modules, you can directly demount and mount 16x periphery modules.

Turn the locking lever of the module to be exchanged upwards.

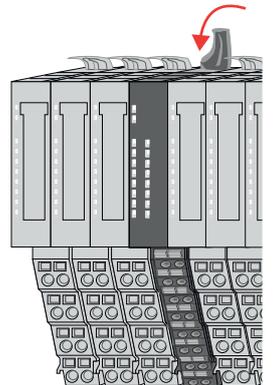
Demounting 16x periphery modules



4. Pull the module.
5. For mounting turn the locking lever of the module to be mounted upwards.

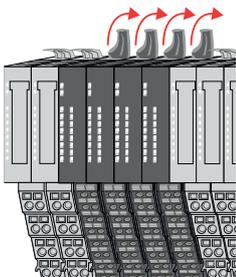


6. To mount the module put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.



7. Turn the locking lever downward, again.
8. Wire your module respectively plug the wired terminal block again.
 - ⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

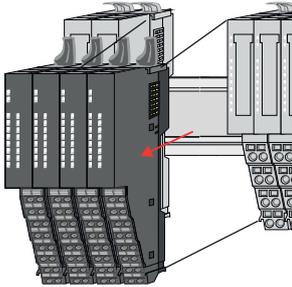
Exchange of a module group



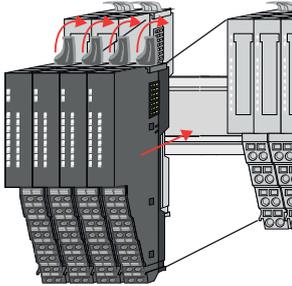
1. Power-off your system.
2. Remove if exists the wiring of the module group respectively the wired terminal blocks.
- 3.

i *In contrast to 8x periphery modules, you can directly demount and mount 16x periphery modules.*

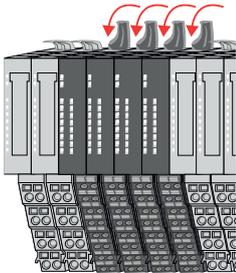
Turn all the locking lever of the module group to be exchanged upwards.



4. ➤ Pull the module group forward.
5. ➤ For mounting turn all the locking lever of the module group to be mounted upwards.



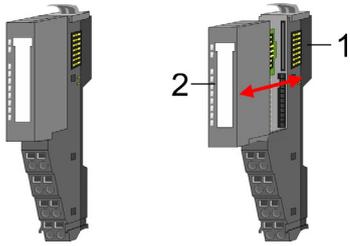
6. ➤ To mount the module group put it to the gap between the both modules and push it, guided by the stripes at both sides, to the mounting rail.



7. ➤ Turn all the locking lever downward, again.
8. ➤ Wire your module group respectively plug the wired terminal blocks again.
⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

2.12 Easy Maintenance

Overview



- 1 Terminal module
- 2 Electronic module

Easy Maintenance means the support for adding and removing an electronic module during operation without having to restart the system. Here the following behavior is shown by the example of a CPU:

- Electronic module is removed
 - The CPU detects a module failure on the backplane bus.
 - Diagnostic message ‘*System SLIO bus failure*’ (0x39D0) is triggered.
 - OB 86 is called. If this is not available, the CPU switches to STOP otherwise it remains in RUN.
 - The SF LED of the CPU lights up.
 - The I/O data of all modules become invalid.
- Identical electronic module is plugged
 - The CPU detects the module return on the backplane bus.
 - The SF-LED of the CPU gets off.
 - All RUN LEDs on the modules get on and the MF LEDs get off.
 - Diagnostic message ‘*System SLIO bus recovery*’ (0x38D0) is triggered.
 - OB 86 is called. If this is not available, the CPU switches to STOP otherwise it remains in RUN.
 - The I/O data of all modules become valid again.
- Wrong electronic module is plugged
 - The CPU detects the wrong module.
 - Diagnostic message ‘*System SLIO bus recovery, but expected configuration does not match actual configuration*’ (0x38D1) is triggered.
 - The SF LED of the CPU remains on.
 - The MF LED of the wrong module flashes.
 - OB 86 is called. If this is not available, the CPU switches to STOP otherwise it remains in RUN.
 - With the exception of the wrong module, the I/O data of all modules become valid again.



CAUTION!

Please note that only electronic modules may be exchanged during operation! Replacing an 8x or 16x periphery module during operation can damage the module and the system!



Please note that the CPU switches to STOP, if there is no OB 86 configured when adding or removing System SLIO modules!

2.13 Trouble shooting - LEDs

General

Each module has the LEDs RUN and MF on its front side. Errors or incorrect modules may be located by means of these LEDs.

In the following illustrations flashing LEDs are marked by ☼.

Sum current of the electronic power supply exceeded

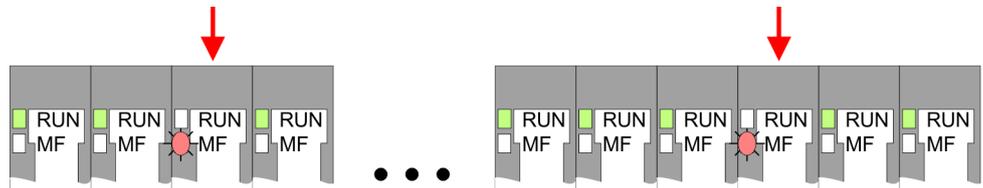


Behaviour: After PowerON the RUN LED of each module is off and the MF LED of each module is sporadically on.

Reason: The maximum current for the electronic power supply is exceeded.

Remedy: As soon as the sum current of the electronic power supply is exceeded, always place the power module 007-1AB10. ↪ Chap. 2.8 'Wiring power modules' page 25

Error in configuration

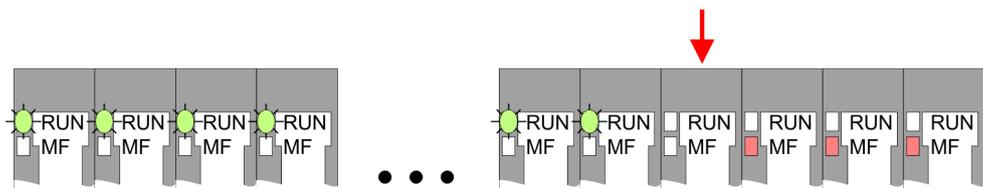


Behaviour: After PowerON the MF LED of one module respectively more modules flashes. The RUN LED remains off.

Reason: At this position a module is placed, which does not correspond to the configured module.

Remedy: Match configuration and hardware structure.

Module failure



Behaviour: After PowerON all of the RUN LEDs up to the defective module are flashing. With all following modules the MF LED is on and the RUN LED is off.

Reason: The module on the right of the flashing modules is defective.

Remedy: Replace the defective module.

2.14 Industrial security and installation guidelines

2.14.1 Industrial security in information technology

Latest version

This chapter can also be found as a guide '*Industrial IT Security*' in the '*Download Center*' of www.yaskawa.eu.com

Hazards

The topic of data security and access protection has become increasingly important in the industrial environment. The increased networking of entire industrial systems to the network levels within the company together with the functions of remote maintenance have all served to increase vulnerability. Hazards can arise from:

- Internal manipulation such as technical errors, operating and program errors and deliberate program or data manipulation.
- External manipulation such as software viruses, worms and Trojans.
- Human carelessness such as password phishing.

Precautions

The most important precautions to prevent manipulation and loss of data security in the industrial environment are:

- Encrypting the data traffic by means of certificates.
- Filtering and inspection of the traffic by means of VPN - "Virtual Private Networks".
- Identification of the user by "Authentication" via safe channels.
- Segmenting in protected automation cells, so that only devices in the same group can exchange data.
- Deactivation of unnecessary hardware and software.

Further Information

You can find more information about the measures on the following websites:

- Federal Office for Information Technology www.bsi.bund.de
- Cybersecurity & Infrastructure Security Agency us-cert.cisa.gov
- VDI / VDE Society for Measurement and Automation Technology www.vdi.de

2.14.1.1 Protection of hardware and applications

Precautions

- Do not integrate any components or systems into public networks.
 - Use VPN "Virtual Private Networks" for use in public networks. This allows you to control and filter the data traffic accordingly.
- Always keep your system up-to-date.
 - Always use the latest firmware version for all devices.
 - Update your user software regularly.
- Protect your systems with a firewall.
 - The firewall protects your infrastructure internally and externally.
 - This allows you to segment your network and isolate entire areas.
- Secure access to your plants via user accounts.
 - If possible, use a central user management system.
 - Create a user account for each user for whom authorization is essential.
 - Always keep user accounts up-to-date and deactivate unused user accounts.
- Secure access to your plants via secure passwords.
 - Change the password of a standard login after the first start.
 - Use strong passwords consisting of upper/lower case, numbers and special characters. The use of a password generator or manager is recommended.
 - Change the passwords according to the rules and guidelines that apply to your application.
- Deactivate inactive communication ports respectively protocols.
 - Only the communication ports that are used for communication should be activated.
 - Only the communication protocols that are used for communication should be activated.
- Consider possible defence strategies when planning and securing the system.
 - The isolation of components alone is not sufficient for comprehensive protection. An overall concept is to be drawn up here, which also provides defensive measures in the event of a cyber attack.
 - Periodically carry out threat assessments. Among others, a comparison is made here between the protective measures taken and those required.
- Limit the use of external storage media.
 - Via external storage media such as USB memory sticks or SD memory cards, malware can get directly into a system while bypassing a firewall.
 - External storage media or their slots must be protected against unauthorized physical access, e.g. by using a lockable control cabinet.
 - Make sure that only authorized persons have access.
 - When disposing of storage media, make sure that they are safely destroyed.
- Use secure access paths such as HTTPS or VPN for remote access to your plant.
- Enable security-related event logging in accordance with the applicable security policy and legal requirements for data protection.

2.14.1.2 Protection of PC-based software

Precautions

Since PC-based software is used for programming, configuration and monitoring, it can also be used to manipulate entire systems or individual components. Particular caution is required here!

- Use user accounts on your PC systems.
 - If possible, use a central user management system.
 - Create a user account for each user for whom authorization is essential.
 - Always keep user accounts up-to-date and deactivate unused user accounts.
- Protect your PC systems with secure passwords.
 - Change the password of a standard login after the first start.
 - Use strong passwords consisting of upper/lower case, numbers and special characters. The use of a password generator or manager is recommended.
 - Change the passwords according to the rules and guidelines that apply to your application.
- Enable security-related event logging in accordance with the applicable security policy and legal requirements for data protection.
- Protect your PC systems by security software.
 - Install virus scanners on your PC systems to identify viruses, trojans and other malware.
 - Install software that can detect phishing attacks and actively prevent them.
- Always keep your software up-to-date.
 - Update your operating system regularly.
 - Update your software regularly.
- Make regular backups and store the media at a safe place.
- Regularly restart your PC systems. Only boot from storage media that are protected against manipulation.
- Use encryption systems on your storage media.
- Perform security assessments regularly to reduce the risk of manipulation.
- Use only data and software from approved sources.
- Uninstall software which is not used.
- Disable unused services.
- Activate a password-protected screen lock on your PC systems.
- Always lock your PC systems as soon as you leave your PC workstation.
- Do not click any links that come from unknown sources. If necessary ask, e.g. on e-mails.
- Use secure access paths such as HTTPS or VPN for remote access to your PC system.

2.14.2 Installation guidelines

General

The installation guidelines contain information about the interference free deployment of a PLC system. There is the description of the ways, interference may occur in your PLC, how you can make sure the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), and how you manage the isolation.

What does EMC mean?

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) means the ability of an electrical device, to function error free in an electromagnetic environment without being interfered respectively without interfering the environment.

The components are developed for the deployment in industrial environments and meets high demands on the EMC. Nevertheless you should project an EMC planning before installing the components and take conceivable interference causes into account.

Possible interference causes

Electromagnetic interferences may interfere your control via different ways:

- Electromagnetic fields (RF coupling)
- Magnetic fields with power frequency
- Bus system
- Power supply
- Protected earth conductor

Depending on the spreading medium (lead bound or lead free) and the distance to the interference cause, interferences to your control occur by means of different coupling mechanisms.

There are:

- galvanic coupling
- capacitive coupling
- inductive coupling
- radiant coupling

Basic rules for EMC

In the most times it is enough to take care of some elementary rules to guarantee the EMC. Please regard the following basic rules when installing your PLC.

- Take care of a correct area-wide grounding of the inactive metal parts when installing your components.
 - Install a central connection between the ground and the protected earth conductor system.
 - Connect all inactive metal extensive and impedance-low.
 - Please try not to use aluminium parts. Aluminium is easily oxidizing and is therefore less suitable for grounding.
- When cabling, take care of the correct line routing.
 - Organize your cabling in line groups (high voltage, current supply, signal and data lines).
 - Always lay your high voltage lines and signal respectively data lines in separate channels or bundles.
 - Route the signal and data lines as near as possible beside ground areas (e.g. suspension bars, metal rails, tin cabinet).
- Proof the correct fixing of the lead isolation.
 - Data lines must be shielded.
 - Analog lines must be shielded. When transmitting signals with small amplitudes the one sided laying of the isolation may be favourable.
 - Cables for frequency inverters, servo and stepper motors must be shielded.
 - Lay the line isolation extensively on an isolation/protected earth conductor rail directly after the cabinet entry and fix the isolation with cable clamps.
 - Make sure that the isolation/protected earth conductor rail is connected impedance-low with the cabinet.
 - Use metallic or metallised plug cases for isolated data lines.
- In special use cases you should appoint special EMC actions.
 - Consider to wire all inductivities with erase links.
 - Please consider luminescent lamps can influence signal lines.
- Create a homogeneous reference potential and ground all electrical operating supplies when possible.
 - Please take care for the targeted employment of the grounding actions. The grounding of the PLC serves for protection and functionality activity.
 - Connect installation parts and cabinets with your PLC in star topology with the isolation/protected earth conductor system. So you avoid ground loops.
 - If there are potential differences between installation parts and cabinets, lay sufficiently dimensioned potential compensation lines.

Isolation of conductors

Electrical, magnetically and electromagnetic interference fields are weakened by means of an isolation, one talks of absorption. Via the isolation rail, that is connected conductive with the rack, interference currents are shunt via cable isolation to the ground. Here you have to make sure, that the connection to the protected earth conductor is impedance-low, because otherwise the interference currents may appear as interference cause.

When isolating cables you have to regard the following:

- If possible, use only cables with isolation tangle.
- The hiding power of the isolation should be higher than 80%.
- Normally you should always lay the isolation of cables on both sides. Only by means of the both-sided connection of the isolation you achieve high quality interference suppression in the higher frequency area. Only as exception you may also lay the isolation one-sided. Then you only achieve the absorption of the lower frequencies. A one-sided isolation connection may be convenient, if:
 - the conduction of a potential compensating line is not possible.
 - analog signals (some mV respectively μ A) are transferred.
 - foil isolations (static isolations) are used.
- With data lines always use metallic or metallised plugs for serial couplings. Fix the isolation of the data line at the plug rack. Do not lay the isolation on the PIN 1 of the plug bar!
- At stationary operation it is convenient to strip the insulated cable interruption free and lay it on the isolation/protected earth conductor line.
- To fix the isolation tangles use cable clamps out of metal. The clamps must clasp the isolation extensively and have well contact.
- Lay the isolation on an isolation rail directly after the entry of the cable in the cabinet. Lead the isolation further on to your PLC and don't lay it on there again!



CAUTION!

Please regard at installation!

At potential differences between the grounding points, there may be a compensation current via the isolation connected at both sides.

Remedy: Potential compensation line

2.15 General data for the System SLIO

Conformity and approval		
Conformity		
CE	2014/35/EU	Low Voltage Directive
	2014/30/EU	EMC Directive
RoHS (EU)	2011/65/EU	Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment
UKCA	2016 No. 1101	Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations
	2016 No. 1091	Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations
RoHS (UK)	2012 No. 3032	Use of Certain Hazardous Substances
Approval		
UL	-	Refer to Technical data

Protection of persons and device protection

Type of protection	-	IP20
Electrical isolation		
to the field bus	-	electrically isolated
to the process level	-	electrically isolated
Insulation resistance	-	-
Insulation voltage to reference earth		
Inputs / outputs	-	AC / DC 50V, test voltage AC 500V
Protective measures	-	against short circuit

Environmental conditions to EN 61131-2

Operation		
Horizontal installation hanging	EN 61131-2	0...+60°C
Horizontal installation lying	EN 61131-2	0...+55°C
Vertical installation	EN 61131-2	0...+50°C
Air humidity	EN 60068-2-30	RH1 (without condensation, rel. humidity 10...95%)
Pollution	EN 61131-2	Degree of pollution 2
Installation altitude max.	-	2000m
Mechanical		
Oscillation	EN 60068-2-6	1g, 9Hz ... 150Hz
Shock	EN 60068-2-27	15g, 11ms

Mounting conditions

Mounting place	-	In the control cabinet
Mounting position	-	Horizontal and vertical

General data for the System SLIO > Use in difficult operating conditions

EMC	Standard	Comment	
Emitted interference	EN 61000-6-4	Class A (Industrial area)	
Noise immunity zone B	EN 61000-6-2	Industrial area	
		EN 61000-4-2	ESD 8kV at air discharge (degree of severity 3), 4kV at contact discharge (degree of severity 2)
		EN 61000-4-3	HF field immunity (casing) 80MHz ... 1000MHz, 10V/m, 80% AM (1kHz) 1.4GHz ... 6GHz, 3V/m, 80% AM (1kHz)
		EN 61000-4-6	HF conducted 150kHz ... 80MHz, 10V, 80% AM (1kHz)
		EN 61000-4-4	Burst, degree of severity 3
		EN 61000-4-5	Surge, degree of severity 3 ¹

1) Due to the high-energetic single pulses with Surge an appropriate external protective circuit with lightning protection elements like conductors for lightning and overvoltage is necessary.

2.15.1 Use in difficult operating conditions



Without additional protective measures, the products must not be used in locations with difficult operating conditions; e.g. due to:

- *dust generation*
- *chemically active substances (corrosive vapors or gases)*
- *strong electric or magnetic fields*

3 Power modules

3.1 Safety precautions

Appropriate use

The Power modules were designed and constructed:

- to be installed on mounting rail along with System SLIO components
- for installation in a cabinet with sufficient ventilation
- for industrial applications

The following precautions apply to applications employing the System SLIO power supplies.



DANGER!

- The Power modules must be installed in protected environments that are only accessible to properly qualified maintenance staff!
- The Power modules are not certified for applications in explosive environments (EX-zone)!
- You have to disconnect the Power modules from the main power source before commencing installation or maintenance work, i.e. before you start to work on a power supply or the supply cable the main supply line must be disconnected (disconnect plugs, on permanent installations the respective fuse has to be turned off)!
- Only properly qualified electrical staff is allowed to install, connect and/or modify electrical equipment!
- To provide a sufficient level of ventilation and cooling to the power supply components whilst maintaining the compact construction it was not possible to protect the unit from incorrect handling and a proper level of fire protection. For this reason the required level of fire protection must be provided by the environment where the power supply is installed (e.g. installation in a switchboard that satisfies the fire protection rules and regulations)!
- Please adhere to the national rules and regulations of the location and/or country where the units are installed (installation, safety precautions, EMC ...).

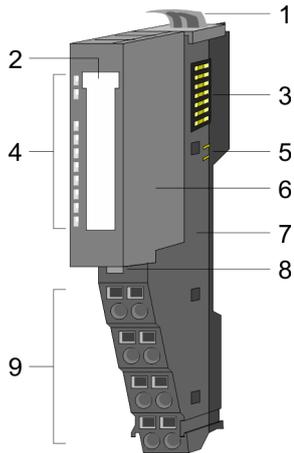
3.2 007-1AB00 - DC 24V 10A

Properties

If the 10A for the power section supply of the I/O area is no longer sufficient, you may use the power module. So you have also the possibility to define isolated groups. The power module is externally to be supplied with DC 24V.

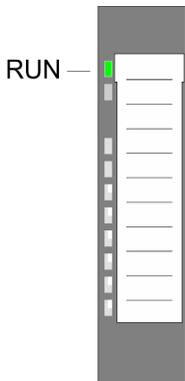
- 10A feed-in for DC 24V power section supply I/O area
- Overvoltage protection
- Polarity reversal protection

Structure



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

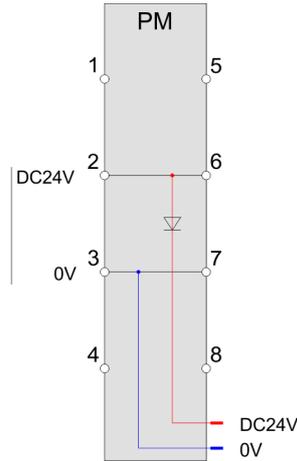
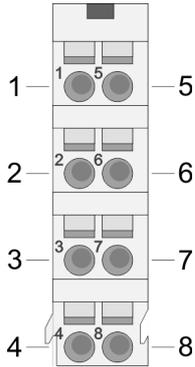
Status indication



RUN	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> green	on: Power section supply DC 24V OK
<input type="checkbox"/>	off: Power section supply DC 24V is missing

Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².



Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	---	---	not connected
2	DC 24V	I	Feed-in DC 24V power section supply
3	0V	I	Feed-in ground GND power section supply
4	---	---	not connected
5	---	---	not connected
6	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply I/Os
7	0V	O	ground GND power section supply I/Os
8	---	---	not connected

I: Input, O: Output

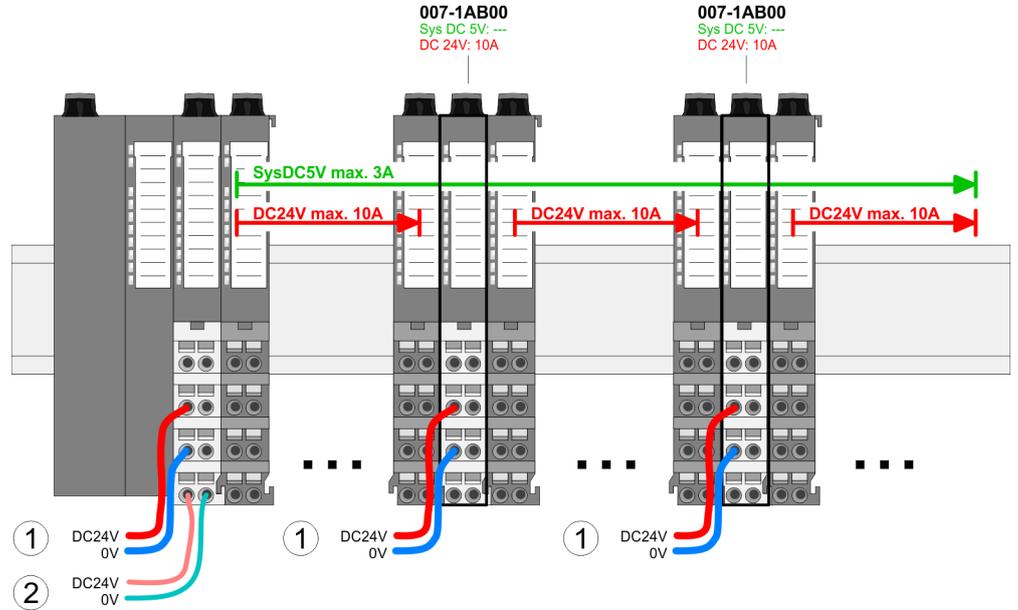


CAUTION!

Since the power section supply is not internally protected, it is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected by a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z! Please consider within wiring the maximum load current of the contacts. With the System SLIO this is max. 10A.

Deployment

The following figure shows the standard wiring of a head module. As soon as the total current of the DC 24V power section supply exceeds 10A, the power module 007-1AB00 must be placed. By placing the power module, additional modules can be plugged into the subsequent backplane bus, whose DC 24V power section supply does not exceed the total current of max. 10A. This allows you to expand your system to the maximum number of 64 modules. Please consider here that the sum current of the electronic power supply does not exceed the maximum value of 3A. With a sum current greater than 3A the LEDs may not be activated. Here, the power module 007-1AB10 must be used instead.



- 1 DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- 2 DC 24V for electronic power supply head module and I/O area

3.2.1 Technical data

Order no.	007-1AB00
Type	PM 007 - Power module
Module ID	-
Technical data power supply	
Input voltage (rated value)	DC 24 V
Input voltage (permitted range)	DC 20.4...28.8 V
I ² t	-
Current consumption (no-load operation)	-
Current consumption (rated value)	-
Max. current drain at backplane bus	-
Max. current consumption load supply	-
Max. current drain load supply	-
Short-circuit protection	yes
Efficiency	-
Power loss	-
Overvoltage protection	36 V
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	no
Diagnostics information read-out	none
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	none
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	57 g
Weight including accessories	57 g
Gross weight	71 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C

007-1AB00 - DC 24V 10A > Technical data

Order no.	007-1AB00
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

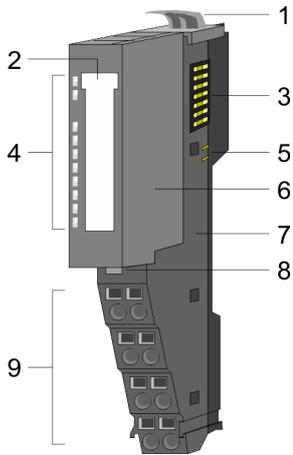
3.3 007-1AB10 - DC 24V 4A, DC 24V/5V 2A

Properties

If the 3A for the electronic power supply of the I/O area is no longer sufficient, you may use the power module. Additionally the power module serves for a new isolated group for the DC 24V power section supply with max. 4A. The power module is externally to be supplied with DC 24V.

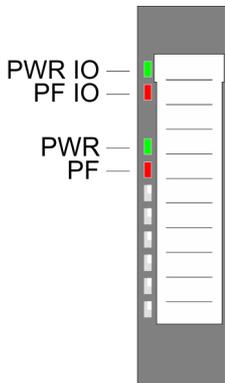
- 2A feed-in for DC 24V electronic power supply I/O area
- 4A feed-in for DC 24V power section supply I/O area
- Overvoltage protection
- Polarity reversal protection

Structure



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Labeling strip
- 3 Backplane bus
- 4 LED status indication
- 5 DC 24V power section supply
- 6 Electronic module
- 7 Terminal module
- 8 Locking lever electronic module
- 9 Terminal

Status indication

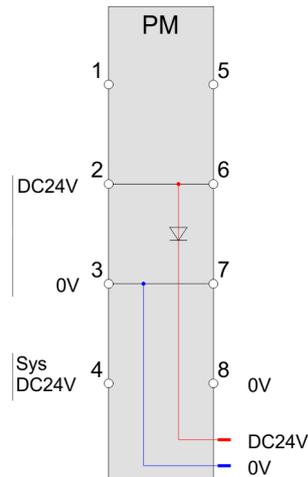
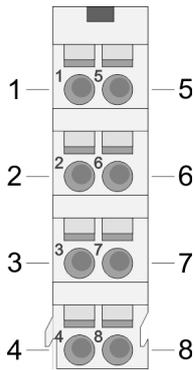


PWR IO	PF IO	PWR	PF	Description
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> green	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> red	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> green	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> red	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Both power supplies are missing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	Power section supply OK
X	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Electronic section supply OK
X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	X	X	Fuse power section supply defective (power fail)
X	X	X	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Fuse electronic section supply defective
not relevant: X				

007-1AB10 - DC 24V 4A, DC 24V/5V 2A

Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².



Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	---	---	not connected
2	DC 24V	I	Feed-in DC 24V power section supply
3	0V	I	Feed-in ground GND power section supply
4	Sys DC 24V	I	Feed-in DC 24V electronic power supply
5	---	---	not connected
6	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply I/Os
7	0V	O	ground GND power section supply I/Os
8	0V	I	Feed-in ground GND electronic power supply

I: Input, O: Output



- Power section and electronic power section supply are internally protected against higher voltage by fuses. The fuses are within the power module. If one fuse released, its electronic module must be exchanged!
- It is recommended to externally protect the power section supply with a fast 4A fuse respectively by a line circuit breaker 4A characteristics Z and the electronic power supply with a fast 1A fuse respectively by a line circuit breaker 1A characteristics Z.
- Please consider this module has no internal buffer concerning power dips. To match to the standard EN 61131-2, a power supply unit should be used, which can avoid power dips of up to 10ms.

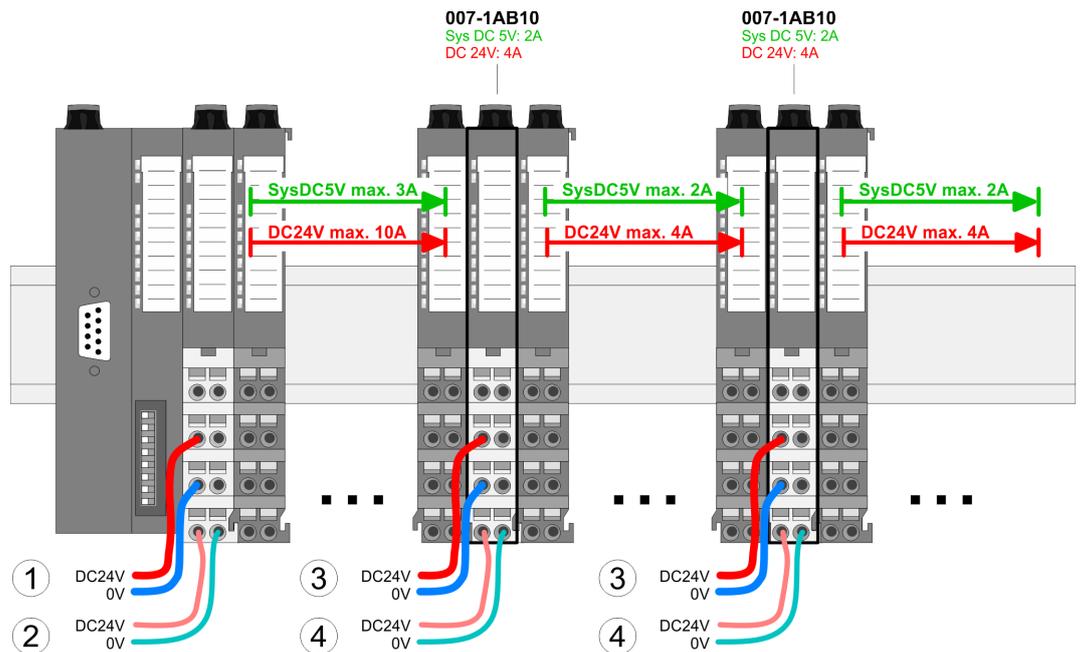


WARNING!

Please consider within wiring the maximum load current of the contacts. With the System SLIO this is max. 10A.

Deployment

The following figure shows the standard wiring of a head module. With a sum current greater than 3A the LEDs may not be activated. By placing the power module 007-1AB10 at the following backplane bus, modules may be placed with a sum current of max. 2A. This allows you to expand your system to the maximum number of 64 modules. Additionally you get a new isolated group for the DC 24V power section supply with max. 4A.



- 1 DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 10A)
- 2 DC 24V for electronic power supply bus coupler and I/O area
- 3 DC 24V for power section supply I/O area (max. 4A)
- 4 DC 24V for electronic power supply I/O area

007-1AB10 - DC 24V 4A, DC 24V/5V 2A > Technical data

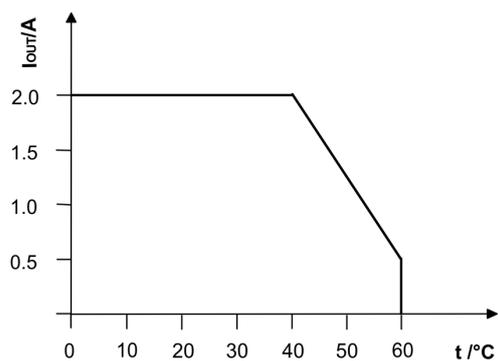
3.3.1 Technical data

Order no.	007-1AB10
Type	PM 007 - Power module
Module ID	-
Technical data power supply	
Input voltage (rated value)	DC 24 V
Input voltage (permitted range)	DC 20.4...28.8 V
I ² t	-
Current consumption (no-load operation)	-
Current consumption (rated value)	0.5 A
Max. current drain at backplane bus	2 A
Max. current consumption load supply	4 A
Max. current drain load supply	4 A
Short-circuit protection	yes
Efficiency	89 %
Power loss	1.4 W
Overvoltage protection	36 V
Status information, alarms, diagnostics	
Status display	yes
Interrupts	no
Process alarm	no
Diagnostic interrupt	no
Diagnostic functions	no
Diagnostics information read-out	none
Supply voltage display	green LED
Group error display	red LED
Channel error display	none
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 76.5 mm
Net weight	74 g
Weight including accessories	74 g
Gross weight	89 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C

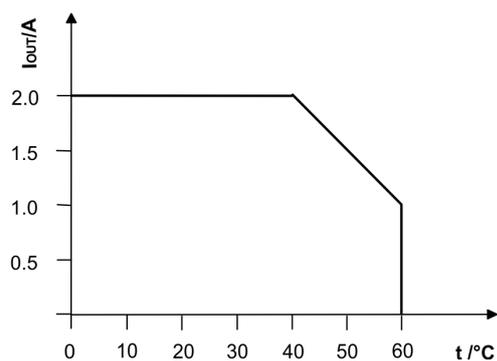
Order no.	007-1AB10
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	yes

Derating diagrams electronic power supply

Convection



Air circulation 0.5m/s



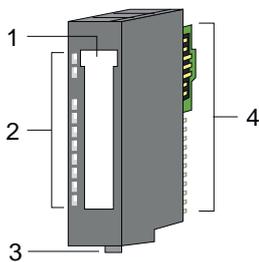
3.4 007-0AA00 - power electronic module - spare part

Properties

With a head module, the power module is integrated into a housing. The integrated power module is used for the power supply of the head module and the electronic and power section supply of the connected periphery modules. The electronic supply of a head module is protected internally by a fuse against overvoltage. The fuse is located inside the power electronic module. If the fuse releases, its power electronic module must be exchanged! The power electronic module 007-10AA00 is available as a spare part.

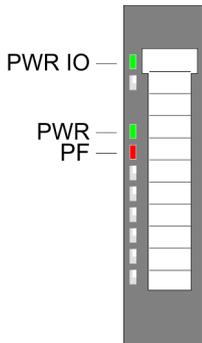
- Feed-in for electronic power supply head module and I/O area
- 10A feed-in for DC 24V power section supply I/O area
- Overvoltage protection
- Polarity reversal protection

Structure



- 1 Labeling strip
- 2 LED status indication
- 3 Locking lever electronic module
- 4 Contact lines

Status indication



PWR IO	PWR	PF	Description
■ green	■ green	■ red	
■	X	<input type="checkbox"/>	Power section supply OK.
■	■	<input type="checkbox"/>	Electronic section supply OK.
X	X	■	Fuse electronic section supply defective.
not relevant: X			

Notes



CAUTION!

The power module must not be separated from the head module! Here you may only exchange the power electronic module!



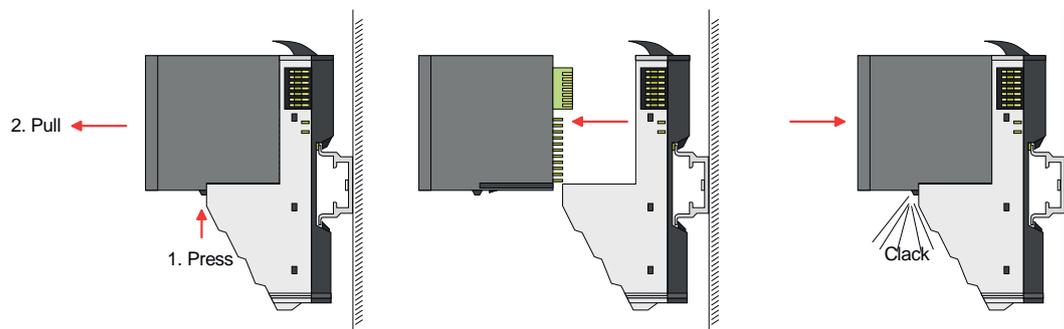
CAUTION!

Since the power section supply is not internally protected, it is to be externally protected with a fuse, which corresponds to the maximum current. This means max. 10A is to be protected by a 10A fuse (fast) respectively by a line circuit breaker 10A characteristics Z!

Replacing a power electronic module

The power electronics module 007-0AA00 is connected to the terminal module of the head module by a secure sliding mechanism. With an error the defective power electronic module may be exchanged for a functional module. Here the wiring persists.

1. ➤ Power-off your system.



2. ➤ For the exchange of a power electronic module, the electronic module may be pulled forward after pressing the unlocking lever at the lower side of the module.
3. ➤ For installation plug the new power electronic module guided by the strips at the lower side until this engages to the terminal module of the head module.
⇒ Now you can bring your system back into operation.

Technical data

Further information can be found in the technical data of the corresponding head module.

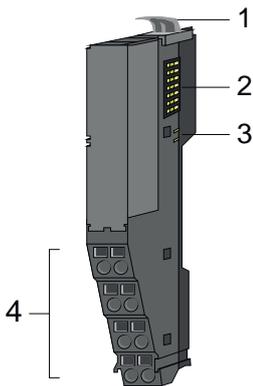
4 Clamp modules

4.1 001-1BA00 - 8xDC 24V clamps

Properties

With this module the DC 24V of the power section supply may be accessed by 8 clamp connectors (potential distributor). This module has no module ID, but influences the maximum number of modules to be connected.

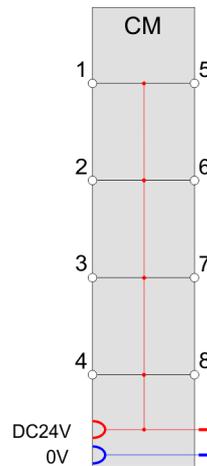
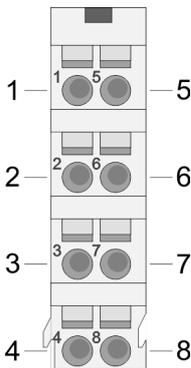
- 8 clamp connectors DC 24V power section supply
- Clamp current max. 10A
- Backplane bus looped through
- Isolation 500Veff (field voltage to the bus)



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Backplane bus
- 3 DC 24V power section supply
- 4 Terminal

Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².



Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
2	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
3	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
4	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
5	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
6	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
7	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
8	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply

O: Output

4.1.1 Technical data

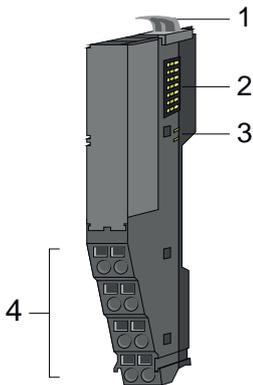
Order no.	001-1BA00
Type	CM 001 - Clamp module
Module ID	-
Clamp parameter	
Terminal voltage max.	DC 30 V
Terminal current max.	10 A
Total current per module, max.	10 A
Isolated group	
Number of clamps	2*4
Color of clamps	grey
Binding of potential	Field voltage DC 24V
Potential group current, max.	10 A
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 52.5 mm
Net weight	46 g
Weight including accessories	46 g
Gross weight	60 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	-

4.2 001-1BA10 - 8xDC 0V clamps

Properties

With this module the ground GND of the DC 24V power section supply may be accessed by 8 clamp connectors (potential distributor). This module has no module ID, but influences the maximum number of modules to be connected.

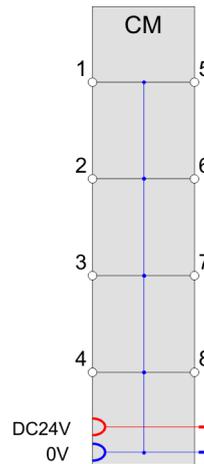
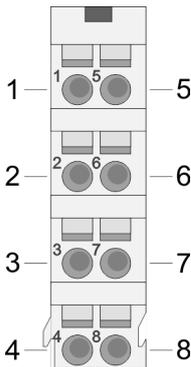
- 8 clamp connectors ground GND power section supply
- Clamp current max. 10A
- Backplane bus looped through
- Isolation 500Veff (field voltage to the bus)



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Backplane bus
- 3 DC 24V power section supply
- 4 Terminal

Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².



Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
2	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
3	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
4	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
5	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
6	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
7	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
8	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply

O: Output

4.2.1 Technical data

Order no.	001-1BA10
Type	CM 001 - Clamp module
Module ID	-
Clamp parameter	
Terminal voltage max.	DC 0 V
Terminal current max.	10 A
Total current per module, max.	10 A
Isolated group	
Number of clamps	2*4
Color of clamps	grey
Binding of potential	Field voltage DC 0V
Potential group current, max.	10 A
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 52.5 mm
Net weight	46 g
Weight including accessories	46 g
Gross weight	60 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	-

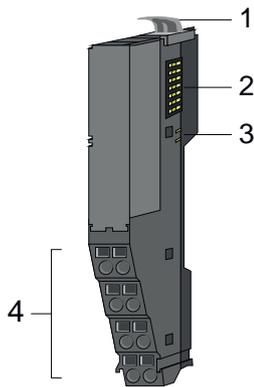
001-1BA20 - 4xDC 24V and 4xDC 0V clamps

4.3 001-1BA20 - 4xDC 24V and 4xDC 0V clamps

Properties

With this module the DC 24V resp. ground GND of the power section supply may be accessed by 4 clamp connectors each of the terminal (potential distributor). This module has no module ID, but influences the maximum number of modules to be connected.

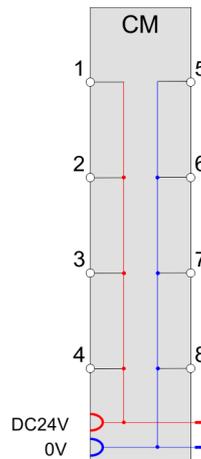
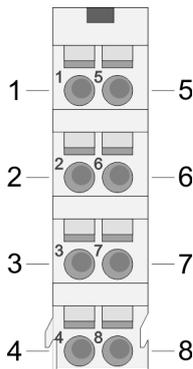
- 4 clamp connectors DC 24V power section supply
- 4 clamp connectors ground GND power section supply.
- Clamp current max. 10A
- Backplane bus looped through
- Isolation 500Veff (field voltage to the bus)



- 1 Locking lever terminal module
- 2 Backplane bus
- 3 DC 24V power section supply
- 4 Terminal

Pin assignment

For wires with a cross section of 0.08mm² up to 1.5mm².



Pos.	Function	Type	Description
1	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
2	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
3	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
4	DC 24V	O	DC 24V power section supply
5	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
6	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
7	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply
8	DC 0V	O	Ground GND power section supply

O: Output

4.3.1 Technical data

Order no.	001-1BA20
Type	CM 001 - Clamp module
Module ID	-
Clamp parameter	
Terminal voltage max.	DC 30 V
Terminal current max.	10 A
Total current per module, max.	10 A
Isolated group	
Number of clamps	4-4
Color of clamps	grey-grey
Binding of potential	Field voltage DC 24V-Field voltage DC 0V
Potential group current, max.	10 A-10 A
Housing	
Material	PPE / PPE GF10
Mounting	Profile rail 35 mm
Mechanical data	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	12.9 mm x 109 mm x 52.5 mm
Net weight	46 g
Weight including accessories	46 g
Gross weight	60 g
Environmental conditions	
Operating temperature	0 °C to 60 °C
Storage temperature	-25 °C to 70 °C
Certifications	
UL certification	yes
KC certification	-