

# **SPEED7 Library**

OPL\_SP7-LIB | SW90AS0MA V10.007 | Manual

HB00 | OPL\_SP7-LIB | SW90AS0MA V10.007 | en | 24-02

Block library - Modbus Communication



YASKAWA Europe GmbH Philipp-Reis-Str. 6 65795 Hattersheim Germany

Tel.: +49 6196 569-300 Fax: +49 6196 569-398 Email: info@yaskawa.eu Internet: www.yaskawa.eu.com

# Table of contents

1	Gene	General						
	1.1	Copyright © YASKAWA Europe GmbH	4					
	1.2	About this manual	5					
2	Impor	tant notes	6					
	2.1	General	6					
	2.2	Internally used blocks	6					
3	Includ	Include library						
	3.1	Integration into Siemens SIMATIC Manager	7					
	3.2	Integration into Siemens TIA Portal	8					
4	Modb	us Communication	9					
	4.1	TCP	9					
	4.1.1	FB 70 - TCP_MB_CLIENT - Modbus/TCP client	9					
	4.1.2	FB 71 - TCP_MB_SERVER - Modbus/TCP server	12					
	4.2	RTU	16					
	4.2.1	FB 72 - RTU_MB_MASTER - Modbus RTU master	16					
	4.2.2	FB 73 - RTU_MB_SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave	19					
	4.3	Modbus Exception Codes	24					
	4.4	Modbus FKT Codes	25					

General SPEED7 Library

Copyright © YASKAWA Europe GmbH

## 1 General

## 1.1 Copyright © YASKAWA Europe GmbH

#### All Rights Reserved

This document contains proprietary information of Yaskawa and is not to be disclosed or used except in accordance with applicable agreements.

This material is protected by copyright laws. It may not be reproduced, distributed, or altered in any fashion by any entity (either internal or external to Yaskawa) except in accordance with applicable agreements, contracts or licensing, without the express written consent of Yaskawa and the business management owner of the material.

For permission to reproduce or distribute, please contact: YASKAWA Europe GmbH, European Headquarters, Philipp-Reis-Str. 6, 65795 Hattersheim, Germany

Tel.: +49 6196 569 300 Fax.: +49 6196 569 398 Email: info@yaskawa.eu Internet: www.yaskawa.eu.com

#### EC conformity declaration

Hereby, YASKAWA Europe GmbH declares that the products and systems are in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions. Conformity is indicated by the CE marking affixed to the product.

#### Conformity Information

For more information regarding CE marking and Declaration of Conformity (DoC), please contact your local representative of YASKAWA Europe GmbH.

#### **Trademarks**

SLIO, System 300S and SPEED7 are registered trademarks of YASKAWA Europe GmbH.

EtherCAT is a registered trademark of Beckhoff Automation GmbH.

Modbus is a registered trademark of Schneider Electric.

SIMATIC, STEP, TIA Portal and S7-1500 are registered trademarks of Siemens AG.

All Microsoft Windows, Office and Server products mentioned are registered trademarks of Microsoft Inc., USA.

All other trademarks, logos and service or product marks specified herein are owned by their respective companies.

#### General terms of use

Every effort has been made to ensure that the information contained in this document was complete and accurate at the time of publishing. We cannot guarantee that the information is free of errors, and we reserve the right to change the information at any time. There is no obligation to inform the customer about any changes. The customer is requested to actively keep his documents up to date. The customer is always responsible for the deployment of the products with the associated documentation, taking into account the applicable directives and standards.

This documentation describes all hardware and software units and functions known today. It is possible that units are described that do not exist at the customer. The exact scope of delivery is described in the respective purchase contract.

#### **Document support**

Contact your local representative of YASKAWA Europe GmbH if you have errors or questions regarding the content of this document. You can reach YASKAWA Europe GmbH via the following contact:

Email: Documentation.HER@yaskawa.eu

SPEED7 Library General

About this manual

#### **Technical support**

Contact your local representative of YASKAWA Europe GmbH if you encounter problems or have questions regarding the product. If such a location is not available, you can reach the Yaskawa customer service via the following contact:

YASKAWA Europe GmbH,

European Headquarters, Philipp-Reis-Str. 6, 65795 Hattersheim, Germany

Tel.: +49 6196 569 500 (hotline) Email: support@yaskawa.eu

#### 1.2 About this manual

#### Objective and contents

The manual describes the block library 'Modbus Communication':

- The manual is targeted at users who have a background in automation technology.
- The manual consists of chapters. Every chapter provides a self-contained description of a specific topic.
- The following guides are available in the manual:
  - An overall table of contents at the beginning of the manual
  - References with pages numbers

#### Icons Headings

Important passages in the text are highlighted by following icons and headings:



#### **DANGER**

Immediate or likely danger. Personal injury is possible.



#### CAUTION

Damages to property is likely if these warnings are not heeded.

ĭ

Supplementary information and useful tips.

Important notes SPEED7 Library

Internally used blocks

# 2 Important notes

## 2.1 General



In the following, you will find important notes, which must always be observed when using the blocks.

## 2.2 Internally used blocks



## **CAUTION**

The following blocks are used internally and must not be overwritten! The direct call of an internal block leads to errors in the corresponding instance DB! Please always use the corresponding function for the call.

FC/SFC	Designation	Description
FC/SFC 131	TSEND_	is used internally for FB 63
FC/SFC 132	TRECV_	is used internally for FB 64
FC/SFC 133	TCON_	is used internally for FB 65
FC/SFC 134	TDISCON_	is used internally for FB 66
FC/SFC 135	TUSEND_	is used internally for FB 67
FC/SFC 136	TURECV_	is used internally for FB 68
FC/SFC 192	CP_S_R	is used internally for FB 7 and FB 8
FC/SFC 196	AG_CNTRL	is used internally for FC 10
FC/SFC 198	USEND_	is used internally for FB 8
FC/SFC 198	URCV_	is used internally for FB 9
FC/SFC 200	AG_GET	is used internally for FB/SFB 14
FC/SFC 201	AG_PUT	is used internally for FB/SFB 15
FC/SFC 202	AG_BSEND	is used internally for FB/SFB 12
FC/SFC 203	AG_BRCV	is used internally for FB/SFB 13
FC/SFC 204	IP_CONF	is used internally for FB 55 IP_CONF
FC/SFC 205	AG_SEND	is used internally for FC 5 AG_SEND
FC/SFC 206	AG_RECV	is used internally for FC 6 AG_RECV
FC/SFC 253	IBS_ACCESS	is used internally for SPEED bus INTERBUS masters
SFB 238	EC_RWOD	is used internally for EtherCAT Communication
SFB 239	FUNC	is used internally for FB 240, FB 241

SPEED7 Library Include library

Integration into Siemens SIMATIC Manager

## 3 Include library

# Block library Modbus Communication

The block library can be found for download in the 'Download Center' of www.yaskawa.eu.com under 'Controls Library' as 'Block library Modbus Communication - SW90AS0MA'. The library is available as packed zip file. As soon as you want to use these blocks you have to import them into your project.



Please always use the manual associated with your library. As long as there are no description-relevant changes, the version information in the manual can differ from those of the library and its files.

#### The following block libraries are available

File	Description	
Modbus_S7_V0006.zip	<ul><li>Block library for Siemens SIMATIC Manager.</li><li>For use in Yaskawa CPUs.</li></ul>	
Modbus_TIA_V0009.zip	<ul><li>Block library for Siemens TIA Portal V14 and 15.</li><li>For use in Yaskawa CPUs.</li></ul>	

## 3.1 Integration into Siemens SIMATIC Manager

Overvie	

The integration into the Siemens SIMATIC Manager requires the following steps:

- 1. Load ZIP file
- 2. | "Retrieve" the library
- 3. Den library and transfer blocks into the project

Load ZIP file

Navigate on the web page to the desired ZIP file, load and store it in your work directory.

Retrieve library

- 1. Start the Siemens SIMATIC Manager with your project.
- 2. ▶ Open the dialog window for ZIP file selection via 'File → Retrieve'.
- 3. Select the according ZIP file and click at [Open].
- **4.** Select a destination folder where the blocks are to be stored.
- 5. Start the extraction with [OK].

Open library and transfer blocks into the project

- 1. Den the library after the extraction.
- Open your project and copy the necessary blocks from the library into the directory "blocks" of your project.
  - → Now you have access to the blocks via your user application.



Are FCs used instead of SFCs, so they are supported by the System 300S Yaskawa CPUs starting from firmware 3.6.0.

Integration into Siemens TIA Portal

## 3.2 Integration into Siemens TIA Portal

#### Overview

The integration into the Siemens TIA Portal requires the following steps:

- 1. Load ZIP file
- 2. Unzip the Zip file
- 3. ▶ "Retrieve" the library
- **4.** Open library and transfer blocks into the project

#### Load ZIP file

- 1. Navigate on the web page to the ZIP file, that matches your version of the program.
- 2. Load and store it in your work directory.

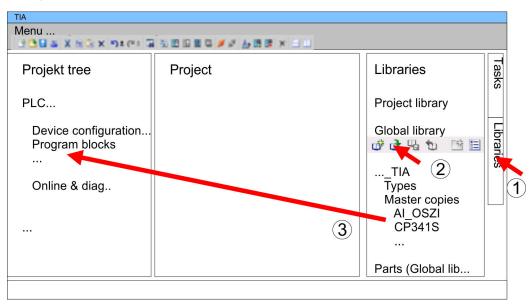
#### Unzip the Zip file

Unzip the zip file to a work directory of the Siemens TIA Portal with your unzip application.

# Open library and transfer blocks into the project

- 1. Start the Siemens TIA Portal with your project.
- 2. Switch to the *Project view*.
- **3.** Choose "Libraries" from the task cards on the right side.
- 4. Click at "Global libraries".
- 5. Click at "Open global libraries".
- **6.** Navigate to your work directory and load the file ...\_TIA.al1x.

•



**7.** Copy the necessary blocks from the library into the "Program blocks" of the *Project tree* of your project. Now you have access to the blocks via your user application.

TCP > FB 70 - TCP MB CLIENT - Modbus/TCP client

# 4 Modbus Communication

## 4.1 TCP

## 4.1.1 FB 70 - TCP\_MB\_CLIENT - Modbus/TCP client

## 4.1.1.1 Description

This function allows the operation of an Ethernet interface as Modbus/TCP client.

## Call parameter

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description		
REQ	IN	BOOL	Start job with edge 0-1.		
ID	IN	WORD	ID from TCON.		
MB_FUNCTION	IN	BYTE	Modbus: Function code.		
MB_DATA_ADDR	IN	WORD	Modbus: Start address or sub function code.		
MB_DATA_LEN	IN	INT	Modbus: Number of register/bits.		
MB_DATA_PTR	IN	ANY	Modbus: Data buffer (only flag area or data block of data type byte allowed) for access with function code 03h, 06h and 10h.		
DONE <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Job finished without error.		
BUSY	OUT	BOOL	Job is running.		
ERROR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Job is ready with error - parameter STATUS has error information.		
STATUS <sup>1</sup>	OUT	WORD	Extended status and error information.		
1) Parameter is available until the next call of the FB.					

#### Parameter in instance DB

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
PROTOCOL_TIMEOUT	STAT	INT	Blocking time before an active job can be cancelled by the user.  Default: 3s
RCV_TIMEOUT	STAT	INT	Monitoring time for a job.  Default: 2s
MB_TRANS_ID	STAT	WORD	Modbus: Start value for the transaction identifier.  Default: 1
MB_UNIT_ID	STAT	BYTE	Modbus: Device identification.  Default: 255

TCP > FB 70 - TCP MB CLIENT - Modbus/TCP client

#### The following must be observed:

- The *call parameters* must be specified with the block call. Besides the *call parameters* all parameters are located in the instance DB.
- The communication link must be previously initialized via FB 65 (TCON).
- FB 63 (TSEND) and FB 64 (TRCV) are required for the use of the block.
- During a job processing the instance DB is blocked for other clients.
- During job processing changes to the input parameters are not evaluated.
- With the following conditions a job processing is completed or cancelled:
  - DONE = 1 job without error
  - ERROR = 1 job with error
  - Expiration of RCV\_TIMEOUT
  - REQ = FALSE after expiration of PROTOCOL TIMEOUT
- REQ is reset before DONE or ERROR is set or PROTOCOL\_TIMEOUT has expired, STATUS 8200h is reported. Here the current job is still processed.

#### Status and error indication

The function block reports via STATUS the following status and error information.

STATUS	DONE	BUSY	ERROR	Description
0000h	1	0	0	Operation executed without error.
7000h	0	0	0	No connection established or communication error (TCON).
7004h	0	0	0	Connection established and monitored. No job active.
7005h	0	1	0	Data are sent.
7006h	0	1	0	Data are received.
8210h	0	0	1	The hardware is incompatible with the block library Modbus RTU/TCP.
8380h	0	0	1	Received Modbus frame does not have the correct format or has an invalid length.
8381h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 01h. → 24
8382h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 03h or wrong start address. → 24
8383h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 02h. → 24
8384h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 04h. → 24
8386h	0	0	1	Server returns wrong Function code.
8387h	0	0	1	Connection ID (TCON) does not match the instance or server returns wrong protocol ID.
8388h	0	0	1	Server returns wrong value or wrong quantity.
80C8h	0	0	1	No answer of the server during the duration (RCV_TIMEOUT).
8188h	0	0	1	MB_FUNCTION not valid.
8189h	0	0	1	MB_DATA_ADDR not valid.
818Ah	0	0	1	MB_DATA_LEN not valid.
818Bh	0	0	1	MB_DATA_PTR not valid.
818Ch	0	0	1	BLOCKED_PROC_TIMEOUT or RCV_TIMEOUT not valid.
818Dh	0	0	1	Server returns wrong transaction ID.
8200h	0	0	1	Another Modbus request is processed at the time via the port (PROTOCOL_TIMEOUT).

TCP > FB 70 - TCP MB CLIENT - Modbus/TCP client

#### 4.1.1.2 Example

Task

OB<sub>1</sub>

With *Function code 03h*, starting from address 2000, 100 register are to be read from a Modbus/TCP server and stored in flag area starting from MB200. Errors are to be stored.

```
65 ,
        CALL FB
                           DB65
               :=M100.0
        REO
                :=W#16#1
        ΙD
        DONE
               :=M100.1
       BUSY
               :=
       ERROR :=M100.2
        STATUS :=MW102
        CONNECT:=P#DB255.DBX 0.0 BYTE 64
      UN
             Μ
                   100.2
      SPB
             ERR1
      \mathbf{L}
             MW
                   102
      т
             MW
                   104
ERR1: NOP
             \cap
      IJ
             Μ
                   100.1
                   100.0
      R
             M
CALL
      FΒ
             70 , DB70
       REQ
                     :=M101.0
        ID
                     :=W#16#1
       MB FUNCTION :=B#16#3
       MB DATA ADDR:=W#16#7D0
       MB DATA LEN :=100
       MB DATA PTR :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 200
        DONE
                     :=M101.1
        BUSY
       ERROR
                     :=M101.2
                     :=MW106
        STATUS
      UN
                   101.2
             М
      SPB
             ERR2
      L
             MW
                   106
      Т
             MW
                   108
ERR2: NOP
             0
      U
             Μ
                   101.1
      R
             Μ
                   101.0
```

### **OB1 - Description**

- 1. Calling of FB 65 (TCON) to establish a communication connection with the partner station.
- 2. Calling the handling block of the Modbus/TCP client with the correct parameters.
- **3.** There is no connection to the partner station and MW102 returns 7000h.
- 4. Set M100.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - ➡ If M100.0 is automatically reset, the connection to the partner station is established and MW108 returns 7004h.
- 5. Set M101.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - → The Modbus request is sent and it is waited for a response.

If M101.0 is automatically reset, the job was finished without errors and the read data are stored in the CPU starting from bit memory byte 200. MW108 returns 7004h and indicates waiting for a new job.

If M101.0 is not automatically reset and MW108 returns non-zero, an error has occurred. The cause of error can be read by the code of MW108 (e.g. MW108 = 8382h when the start address 2000 in the server is not available). MW108 returns 7004h and indicates waiting for a new job.

TCP > FB 71 - TCP\_MB\_SERVER - Modbus/TCP server

## 4.1.2 FB 71 - TCP\_MB\_SERVER - Modbus/TCP server

## 4.1.2.1 Description

This function allows the operation of an Ethernet interface as Modbus/TCP server.

## Call parameter

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description		
ENABLE	IN	BOOL	Activation/Deactivation Modbus server.		
MB_DATA_PTR	IN	ANY	Modbus: Data buffer (only flag area or data block of type Byte allowed) for access with function code 03h, 06h and 10h.		
ID	IN	WORD	ID from TCON.		
NDR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	New data were written by the Modbus client.		
DR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Data were read by the Modbus client.		
ERROR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Job is ready with error - parameter STATUS has error information.		
STATUS <sup>1</sup>	OUT	WORD	Extended status and error information.		
1) Parameter is available until the next call of the FB.					

#### Parameter in instance DB

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
REQUEST_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each received frame.
MESSAGE_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each valid Modbus request.
XMT_RCV_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each received frame, which contains no valid Modbus request.
EXCEPTION_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each negatively acknowledged Modbus request.
SUCCESS_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each positively acknowledged Modbus request.
FC1_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> start register for Q0.0 Default: 0
FC1_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> end register for Qx.y  Default: 19999
FC1_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> start register for M0.0 Default: 20000
FC1_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> end register for Mx.y  Default: 39999
FC2_ADDR_INPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> start register for I0.0 Default: 0
FC2_ADDR_INPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> end register for lx.y  Default: 19999
FC2_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> start register for M0.0 Default: 20000
FC2_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> end register for Mx.y  Default: 39999

**Modbus Communication** 

TCP > FB 71 - TCP MB SERVER - Modbus/TCP server

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
FC4_ADDR_INPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 04h start register for IW0
			Default: 0
FC4_ADDR_INPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 04h end register for IWx
			Default: 19999
FC4_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 04h start register for MW0
			Default: 20000
FC4_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 04h end register for MWx
			Default: 39999
FC5_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h start register for Q0.0
			Default: 0
FC5_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h end register for Qx.y
			Default: 19999
FC5_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h start register for M0.0
			Default: 20000
FC5_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h end register for Mx.y
			Default: 39999
FC15_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh start register for Q0.0
			Default: 0
FC15_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh end register for Qx.y
			Default: 19999
FC15_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh start register for Q0.0
			Default: 20000
FC15_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh end register for Qx.y
			Default: 39999

#### The following must be observed:

- The *call parameters* must be specified with the block call. Besides the *call parameters* all parameters are located in the instance DB.
- The communication link must be previously initialized via FB 65 (TCON).
- FB 63 (TSEND) and FB 64 (TRCV) are required for the use of the block.
- The INPUT/OUTPUT Modbus addresses of a Function code must be located in front of the MEMORY Modbus address and thus always be lower.
- Within a *Function code* no Modbus address may be defined multiple times also not 0!
- The server can only process one job simultaneously. New Modbus requests during job processing are ignored and not answered.
- With *Function code 03h* you can read words up to register 32,699 (7FBBh) because the maximum size of the data block to be used is 32,699 words.

#### Status and error indication

The function block reports via *STATUS* the following status and error information.

TCP > FB 71 - TCP MB SERVER - Modbus/TCP server

STATUS	NDR	DR	ERROR	Description	
0000h	0 or 1 <sup>1</sup>		0	Operation executed without error.	
7000h	0	0	0	No connection established or communication error (TCON).	
7005h	0	0	0	Data are sent.	
7006h	0	0	0	Data are received.	
8210h	0	0	1	The hardware is incompatible with the block library Modbus RTU/TCP.	
8380h	0	0	1	Received Modbus frame does not have the correct format or bytes are missing.	
8381h	0	0	1	Exception Code 01h, Function code is not supported. → 24	
8382h	0	0	1	Exception Code 03h, data length or data value are not valid. → 24	
8383h	0	0	1	Exception Code 02h, invalid start address or address range→ 24	
8384h	0	0	1	Exception Code 04h, area length error when accessing inputs, outputs or bit memories. → 24	
8387h	0	0	1	Connection ID (TCON) does not match the instance or client returns wrong protocol ID.	
8187h	0	0	1	MB_DATA_PTR not valid.	
1) Error free Modbus job with Function code 05h, 06h, 0Fh or 10h returns NDR=1 and DR=0 resp. error free Modbus job with Function code 01h, 02h, 03h, 04h return DR=1 and NDR=0.					

#### 4.1.2.2 Example

#### Task

The CPU provides 100 byte data in the flag area starting from MB200 for a Modbus client via the Modbus register 0...49. Data can be read from the Modbus client via *Function code 03h* and written with *Function code 06h, 10h*. The CPU output Q1.0 is to be controlled by a Modbus client via *Function code 05h* and the start address 5008. Errors are to be stored.

OB<sub>1</sub>

TCP > FB 71 - TCP MB SERVER - Modbus/TCP server

```
CALL FB
           65 , DB65
       REQ :=M100.0
       ID
              :=W#16#1
       DONE
              :=M100.1
       BUSY
       ERROR :=M100.2
       STATUS :=MW102
       CONNECT:=P#DB255.DBX 0.0 BYTE 64
                 100.2
      UN
            Μ
            ERR1
      SPB
      L
            MW
                 102
            MW
                 104
ERR1: NOP
            0
                 100.1
      U
            Μ
      R
            Μ
                 100.0
            5000
      L
            DB71.DBW
                       52
      CALL FB
                  71 , DB71
       ENABLE
                 :=M101.0
       MB_DATA_PTR:=P#M 200.0 BYTE 100
       ID
                  :=W#16#1
       NDR
                  :=M101.1
       DR
                  :=M101.2
                 :=M101.3
:=MW106
       ERROR
       STATUS
      UN
            Μ
                 101.3
      SPB
            ERR2
            MW
                 106
      Τ.
      Т
            MW
                 108
ERR2: NOP
            0
```

RTU > FB 72 - RTU MB MASTER - Modbus RTU master

#### **OB1 - Description**

- 1. Call of FB 65 (TCON) to establish a communication connection with the partner station.
- **2.** Calling the handling block of the Modbus/TCP server with the correct parameters.
- 3. There is no connection to the partner station and MW102 returns 7000h.
- 4. Set M100.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - ➡ If M100.0 is automatically reset, the connection to the partner station is established and MW108 returns 7006h.
- 5. The Modbus start register in the process image, which can be reached by *Function code 05h*, may be changed in the example by the parameter FC5 ADDR OUTPUT START (word 52 in the instance data block).
- 6. Set M101.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - → The Modbus server now works.
- 7. The client sends a Modbus request with *Function code 03h* start address 10 and quantity 30.
  - → The server responds with 60 byte starting from MB220. DR is set for one CPU cycle and thus M101.2 is set to "1".
- **8.** The client sends a Modbus request with *Function code 05h* start address 5008 and the value FF00h.
  - → The server acknowledges the request and writes "1" to the output Q1.0. NDR is set for one CPU cycle and thus M101.1 is set to "1".
- 9. The client sends a Modbus request with *Function code 03h* start address 50 (does not exist) and quantity 1.
  - → The server responds with Exception Code 02h an sets ERROR/STATUS for one CPU cycle. MW108 returns 8383h.

### 4.2 RTU

## 4.2.1 FB 72 - RTU\_MB\_MASTER - Modbus RTU master

#### 4.2.1.1 Description

This function block allows the operation of the internal serial RS485 interface of a SPEED7 CPU or a System SLIO CP 040 as Modbus RTU master.

#### Call parameter

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
REQ	IN	BOOL	Start job with edge 0-1.
HARDWARE	IN	BYTE	1 = System SLIO CP 040 /
			2 = SPEED7 CPU
LADDR	IN	INT	Logical address of the System SLIO CP 040 (parameter is ignored with the SPEED7 CPU).
MB_UNIT_ID	IN	BYTE	Modbus: Device identification = Address of the slave (0 247).
MB_FUNCTION	IN	BYTE	Modbus: Function code.
			Please note that the <i>Function code</i> 16h is not supported!
MB_DATA_ADDR	IN	WORD	Modbus: Start address or Sub function code.
MB_DATA_LEN	IN	INT	Modbus: Number of register/bits.

RTU > FB 72 - RTU\_MB\_MASTER - Modbus RTU master

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
MB_DATA_PTR	IN	ANY	Modbus: Data buffer (only flag area or data block of data type byte allowed) for access with <i>function code 03h</i> , <i>06h</i> and <i>10h</i> .
DONE1	OUT	BOOL	Job finished without error.
BUSY	OUT	BOOL	Job is running.
ERROR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Job is ready with error - parameter $\ensuremath{\textit{STATUS}}$ has error information.
STATUS <sup>1</sup>	OUT	WORD	Extended status and error information.
1) Parameter is available until the next call of the F	В.		

#### Parameter in instance DB

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
INIT	STAT	BOOL	With an edge 0-1 an synchronous reset is established at the System SLIO CP 040. After a successful reset the bit automatically reset.
PROTOCOL_TIMEOUT	STAT	INT	Blocking time before an active job can be cancelled by the user.  Default: 3s
RCV_TIMEOUT	STAT	INT	Monitoring time for a job.  Default: 2s

#### The following must be observed:

- The *call parameters* must be specified with the block call. Besides the *call parameters* all parameters are located in the instance DB.
- The interface to be used must be configured before:
  - System SLIO CP 040: Configuration as "Modbus master RTU" with 60 byte IO-Size in the hardware configuration.
  - Internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU:
     Configuration via SFC 216 (SER\_CFG) with protocol "Modbus master RTU".
- FB 60 SEND and FB 61 RECEIVE (or FB 65 SEND\_RECV) are required for the use of the block, even if the internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU is used.
- During job processing changes to the input parameters are not evaluated.
- Broadcast request via MB UNIT ID = 0 are only accepted for writing functions.
- With the following conditions a job processing is completed or cancelled:
  - DONE = 1 job without error
  - ERROR = 1 job with error
  - Expiration of time-out (parameterization at the interface)
- If REQ is reset before DONE or ERROR is set, STATUS 8200h is reported. Here the current job is still processed.

RTU > FB 72 - RTU MB MASTER - Modbus RTU master

Status and error indication

The function block reports via STATUS the following status and error information.

STATUS	DONE	BUSY	ERROR	Description
0000h	1	0	0	Operation executed without error.
7000h	0	0	0	No connection established or communication error.
7004h	0	0	0	Connection established and monitored. No job active.
7005h	0	1	0	Data are sent.
7006h	0	1	0	Data are received.
8210h	0	0	1	The hardware is incompatible with the block library Modbus RTU/TCP.
8381h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 01h. → 24
8382h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 03h or wrong start address. → 24
8383h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 02h. → 24
8384h	0	0	1	Server returns Exception Code 04h. → 24
8386h	0	0	1	Server returns wrong Function code.
8388h	0	0	1	Server returns wrong value or quantity.
80C8h	0	0	1	No answer of the server during the duration (RCV_TIMEOUT).
8188h	0	0	1	MB_FUNCTION not valid.
8189h	0	0	1	MB_DATA_ADDR not valid.
818Ah	0	0	1	MB_DATA_LEN not valid.
818Bh	0	0	1	MB_DATA_PTR not valid.
8201h	0	0	1	HARDWARE not valid.
8202h	0	0	1	MB_UNIT_ID not valid.
8200h	0	0	1	Another Modbus request is processed at the time via the port.

## 4.2.1.2 Example

Task

With *Function code 03h*, starting from address 2000, 100 register are to be read from a Modbus RTU slave with address 99 and stored in flag area starting from MB200. Errors are to be stored. The Modbus RTU master is realized via the internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU.

**OB100** 

```
CALL SFC 216
Protocol :=B#16#5
Parameter :=DB10
Baudrate:=B#16#9
CharLen:=B#16#3
Parity:=B#16#2
StopBits:=B#16#1
FlowControl:=B#16#1
RetVal:=MW100
```

#### **OB100 - Description**

- 1. Calling of the SFC 216 (SER\_CFG) to configure the internal serial interface of the CPU.
- 2. Protocol: "Modbus Master RTU", 9600 baud, 8 data bit, 1 stop bit, even parity, no flow control.
- 3. DB10 has a variable of type WORD with a Modbus time-out (value in ms).

RTU > FB 73 - RTU MB SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

OB<sub>1</sub>

```
CALL
      FΒ
             72 , DB72
                     :=M101.0
       REQ
        HARDWARE
                     :=B#16#2
       LADDR
                     :=
       MB UNIT ID :=B#16#63
       MB FUNCTION :=B#16#3
       MB DATA_ADDR:=W#16#7D0
       MB DATA LEN :=100
       MB DATA PTR :=P#M 200.0 BYTE 200
        DONE
                     :=M101.1
        BUSY
                     :=
                     :=M101.2
        ERROR
                     :=MW102
        STATUS
      UN
             Μ
                   101.2
      SPB
             ERR1
      \mathbf{L}
             MW
                   102
      т
             MW
                   104
ERR1: NOP
             \cap
                   101.1
      TT
             М
      R
             Μ
                   101.0
```

#### **OB1 - Description**

- 1. Lalling the handling block of the Modbus RTU master with the correct parameters.
- **2.** If the interface was correctly initialized in the OB 100, the master can be used and MW102 returns 7004h.
- 3. Set M101.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - → The Modbus request is sent and it is waited for a response.

If M101.0 is automatically reset, the job was finished without errors and the read data are stored in the CPU starting from bit memory byte 200. MW104 returns 7004h and indicates waiting for a new job.

If M101.0 is not automatically reset and MW104 returns non-zero, an error has occurred. The cause of error can be read by the code of MW104 (e.g. MW104 = 8382h when the start address 2000 in the server is not available). MW102 returns 7004h and indicates waiting for a new job.

## 4.2.2 FB 73 - RTU MB SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

#### 4.2.2.1 Description

This function block allows the operation of the internal serial RS485 interface of a SPEED7 CPU or a System SLIO CP 040 as Modbus RTU slave.

#### Call parameter

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
ENABLE	IN	BOOL	Activation/Deactivation Modbus server.
HARDWARE	IN	BYTE	1 = System SLIO CP 040 /
			2 = SPEED7 CPU
LADDR	IN	INT	Logical address of the System SLIO CP 040 (parameter is ignored with the SPEED7 CPU).
MB_UNIT_ID	IN	BYTE	Modbus: Device identification = own address (1 247).
MB_DATA_PTR	IN	ANY	Modbus: Data buffer (only flag area or data block of data type byte allowed) for access with function code 03h, 06h and 10h.

RTU > FB 73 - RTU\_MB\_SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
NDR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	New data were written by the Modbus client.
DR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Data were read by the Modbus client.
ERROR <sup>1</sup>	OUT	BOOL	Job is ready with error - parameter $\ensuremath{\textit{STATUS}}$ has error information.
STATUS <sup>1</sup>	OUT	WORD	Extended status and error information.
1) Parameter is available until the next call of the FB			

## Parameter in instance DB

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
INIT	STAT	BOOL	With an edge 0-1 an synchronous reset is established at the System SLIO CP 040.
REQUEST_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each received frame.
MESSAGE_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each valid Modbus request.
BROADCAST_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each valid Modbus broadcast request.
EXCEPTION_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each negatively acknowledged Modbus request.
SUCCESS_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each positively acknowledged Modbus request.
BAD_CRC_COUNT	STAT	WORD	Counter for each valid Modbus request with CRC error.
FC1_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> start register for Q0.0 Default: 0
FC1_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> end register for Qx.y Default: 19999
FC1_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> start register for M0.0 Default: 20000
FC1_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 01h</i> end register for Mx.y  Default: 39999
FC2_ADDR_INPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> start register for I0.0 Default: 0
FC2_ADDR_INPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> end register for lx.y  Default: 19999
FC2_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> start register for M0.0 Default: 20000
FC2_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 02h</i> end register for Mx.y  Default: 39999
FC4_ADDR_INPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 04h</i> start register for IW0 Default: 0
FC4_ADDR_INPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 04h</i> end register for IWx Default: 19999
FC4_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus <i>Function code 04h</i> start register for MW0 Default: 20000

RTU > FB 73 - RTU MB SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

Name	Declaration	Туре	Description
FC4_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 04 h end register for MW0
			Default: 39999
FC5_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h start register for Q0.0
			Default: 0
FC5_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h end register for Qx.y
			Default: 19999
FC5_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h start register for M0.0
			Default: 20000
FC5_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 05h end register for Mx.y
			Default: 39999
FC15_ADDR_OUTPUT_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh start register for Q0.0
			Default: 0
FC15_ADDR_OUTPUT_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh end register for Qx.y
			Default: 19999
FC15_ADDR_MEMORY_START	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh start register for M0.0
			Default: 20000
FC15_ADDR_MEMORY_END	STAT	WORD	Modbus Function code 0Fh end register for Mx.y
			Default: 39999

#### The following must be observed:

- The *call parameters* must be specified with the block call. Besides the *call parameters* all parameters are located in the instance DB.
- The interface to be used must be configured before:
  - System SLIO CP 040: Configuration as ASCII module with 60 byte IO-Size in the hardware configuration.
  - Internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU:
     Configuration via SFC 216 (SER\_CFG) with protocol "ASCII".
- FB 60 SEND and FB 61 RECEIVE (or FB 65 SEND\_RECV) are required for the use of the block, even if the internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU is used.
- Broadcast request via MB UNIT ID = 0 are only accepted for writing functions.
- The INPUT/OUTPUT Modbus addresses of a *Function code* must be located in front of the MEMORY Modbus address and thus always be lower.
- Within a Function code no Modbus address may be defined multiple times also not 0!
- The slave can only process one job simultaneously. New Modbus requests during job processing are ignored and not answered.
- With *Function code 03h* you can read words up to register 32,699 (7FBBh) because the maximum size of the data block to be used is 32,699 words.

RTU > FB 73 - RTU\_MB\_SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

Status and error indication

The function block reports via STATUS the following status and error information.

STATUS	NDR	DR	ERROR	Description
0000h	0 or 1 <sup>1</sup>		0	Operation executed without error.
7000h	0	0	0	No connection established or communication error.
7005h	0	0	0	Data are sent.
7006h	0	0	0	Data are received.
8210h	0	0	1	The hardware is incompatible with the block library Modbus RTU/TCP.
8380h	0	0	1	CRC error
8381h	0	0	1	Exception Code 01h, Function code is not supported. → 24
8382h	0	0	1	Exception Code 03h, data length or data value are not valid. → 24
8383h	0	0	1	Exception Code 02h, invalid start address or address range. → 24
8384h	0	0	1	Exception Code 04h, area length error when accessing inputs, outputs or bit memories. → 24
8187h	0	0	1	MB_DATA_PTR not valid.
8201h	0	0	1	HARDWARE not valid.
8202h	0	0	1	MB_UNIT_ID not valid.
8203 h	0	0	1	
1) Error free Modbus job with Function code 05h, 06h, 0Fh or 10h returns NDR=1 and DR=0 resp. error free Modbus job with Function code 01h, 02h, 03h, 04h return DR=1 and NDR=0.				

# 4.2.2.2 Example

#### Task

The CPU provides 100 byte data in the flag area starting from MB200 for a Modbus master via the Modbus register 0 ... 49. Data can be read by the Modbus master via *Function code 03h* and written with *Function code 06h, 10h*. The CPU output Q1.0 is to be controlled by a Modbus master via *Function code 05h* and the start address 5008. Errors are to be stored. The Modbus RTU slave with the address 99 is realized via the internal serial RS485 interface of a Yaskawa CPU.

#### **OB100**

CALL SFC 216
Protocol :=B#16#1
Parameter :=DB10
Baudrate:=B#16#9
CharLen:=B#16#3
Parity:=B#16#2
StopBits:=B#16#1
FlowControl:=B#16#1
RetVal:=MW100

### **OB100 - Description**

- 1. Calling of the SFC 216 (SER\_CFG) to configure the internal serial interface of the CPU.
- 2. Protocol: "ASCII", 9600 baud, 8 data bit, 1 stop bit, even parity, no flow control.
- 3. DB10 has a variable of type WORD and must be passed as "Dummy".

RTU > FB 73 - RTU MB SLAVE - Modbus RTU slave

#### OB1

```
5000
      L
      Т
             DB73.DBW
      CALL FB
                   73 , DB73
                   :=M101.0
       ENABLE
                   :=B#16#2
       HARDWARE
       LADDR
       MB UNIT ID :=B#16#63
       MB DATA PTR:=P#M 200.0 BYTE 100
                   :=M101.1
       NDR
       DR
                   :=M101.2
       ERROR
                  :=M101.3
       STATUS
                   :=MW102
      UN
                  101.3
      SPB
            ERR1
      T.
            MW
                  102
      Т
            MW
                  104
ERR1: NOP
             0
```

#### **OB1 - Description**

- 1. Calling the handling block of the Modbus/TCP server with the correct parameters.
- 2. If the interface was correctly initialized in the OB100, the slave can be used and MW102 returns 7006h.
- 3. The Modbus start register in the process image, which can be reached by *Function code 05h*, may be changed in the example by the parameter FC5\_ADDR\_OUTPUT\_START (word 58 in the instance data block).
- 4. Set M101.0 in the CPU to TRUE.
  - ➡ The Modbus slave now works.
- 5. The master sends a Modbus request with *Function code 03h* start address 10 and quantity 30.
  - → The slave responds with 60byte starting from MB200. DR is set for one CPU cycle and thus M101.2 is set to "1".
- **6.** The master sends a Modbus request with *Function code 05h* start address 5008 and the value FF00h.
  - → The salve acknowledges the request and writes "1" to the output Q1.0. NDR is set for one CPU cycle and thus M101.1 is set to "1".
- 7. The master sends a Modbus request with *Function code 03h* start address 50 (does not exist!) and quantity 1.
  - → The server responds with Exception Code 02h and sets ERROR/STATUS for one CPU cycle. MW104 returns 8383h.

Modbus Exception Codes

# 4.3 Modbus Exception Codes

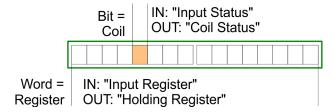
Code	Name	Description
01	ILLEGAL FUNCTION	The function code received in the query is not an allowable action for the server (or slave). This may be because the function code is only applicable to newer devices and was not implemented in the unit selected. It could also indicate that the server (or slave) is in the wrong state to process a request of this type, for example because it is unconfigured and is being asked to return register values.
02	ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS	The data address received in the query is not an allowable address for the server (or slave). More specifically, the combination of reference number and transfer length is invalid. For a controller with 100 registers, the PDU ( <b>P</b> rotocol <b>D</b> ata <b>U</b> nit) addresses the first register as 0 and the last one as 99. If a request is submitted with a starting register address of 96 and a quantity of registers of 4, then this request will successfully operate (address-wise at least) on registers 96, 97, 98, 99. If a request is submitted with a starting register address of 96 and a quantity of registers of 5, then this request will fail with <i>Exception Code</i> 0x02 "ILLEGAL DATA ADDRESS" since it attempts to operate on registers 96, 97, 98, 99 and 100 and there is no register with address 100.
03	ILLEGAL DATA VALUE	A value contained in the query data field is not an allowable value for server (or slave). This indicates a fault in the structure of the remainder of a complex request, such as that the implied length is incorrect. It specifically does NOT mean that a data item submitted for storage in a register has a value outside the expectation of the application program, since the Modbus protocol is unaware of the significance of any particular value of any particular register.
04	SLAVE DEVICE FAILURE	An unrecoverable error occurred while the server (or slave) was attempting to perform the requested action.
05	ACKNOWLEDGE	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands. The server (or slave) has accepted the request and is processing it, but a long duration of time will be required to do so. This response is returned to prevent a timeout error from occurring in the client (or master). The client (or master) can next issue a Poll Program Complete message to determine if processing is completed.
06	SLAVE DEVICE BUSY	Specialized use in conjunction with programming commands. The server (or slave) is engaged in processing a long-duration program command. The client (or master) should retransmit the message later when the server (or slave) is free.
08	MEMORY PARITY ERROR	Specialized use in conjunction with function codes 20 and 21 and reference type 6, to indicate that the extended file area failed to pass a consistency check.
0A	GATEWAY PATH UNAVAILABLE	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways, indicates that the gateway was unable to allocate an internal communication path from the input port to the output port for processing the request. Usually means that the gateway is misconfigured or overloaded.
0B	GATEWAY TARGET DEVICE FAILED TO RESPOND	Specialized use in conjunction with gateways, indicates that no response was obtained from the target device. Usually means that the device is not present on the network.

Modbus FKT Codes

## 4.4 Modbus FKT Codes

#### Naming convention

Modbus has some naming conventions:



- Modbus differentiates between bit and word access; Bits = "Coils" and Words = "Register".
- Bit inputs are referred to as "Input-Status" and bit outputs as "Coil-Status".
- Word inputs are referred to as "Input-Register" and word outputs as "Holding-Register".

#### Range definitions

Normally the access with Modbus happens by means of the ranges 0x, 1x, 3x and 4x.

0x and 1x gives you access to digital bit areas and 3x and 4x to analog word areas.

For the Yaskawa CPs is not differentiating digital and analog data, the following assignment is valid:

0x Bit area for master output

Access via function code 01h, 05h, 0Fh

1x Bit area for master input

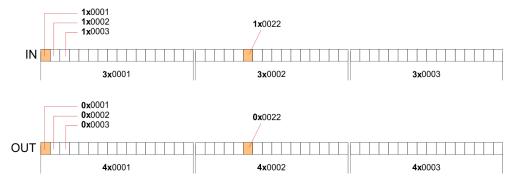
Access via function code 02h

3x Word area for master input

Access via function code 04h

4x Word area for master output

Access via function code 03h, 06h, 10h, 16h



#### Overview

With the following Modbus function codes a Modbus master can access a Modbus slave. The description always takes place from the point of view of the master:

Code	Command	Description
01h	Read n Bits	Read n bits of master output area 0x
02h	Read n Bits	Read n bits of master input area 1x
03h	Read n Words	Read n words of master output area 4x
04h	Read n Words	Read n words master input area 3x

Modbus FKT Codes

Code	Command	Description
05h	Write 1 Bit	Write 1 bit to master output area 0x
06h	Write 1 Word	Write 1 word to master output area 4x
0Fh	Write n Bits	Write n bits to master area 0x
10h	Write n Words	Write n words to master area 4x
16h	Mask 1 Word	Mask 1 word in master output area 4x

#### Byte sequence in a word

1 w	ord
High byte	Low byte

#### Respond of the coupler

If the slave announces an error, the function code is sent back with a "OR" and 80h. Without an error, the function code is sent back.

Coupler answer: Function code OR 80h  $\rightarrow$  Error & error number Function code  $\rightarrow$  OK

If the slave announces an error, the function code is sent back with a "OR" and 80h. Without an error, the function code is sent back.

01h: Function number is not supported

02h: Addressing errors

03h: Data errors

04h: System SLIO bus is not initialized

07h: General error

Read n Bits 01h, 02h

Code 01h: Read n bits of master output area 0x.

Code 02h: Read n bits of master input area 1x.

### Command telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address1. bit	Number of bits
X	x x 0 0 0 6				6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

## Respond telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header			•	Slave address	Function code	Number of read bytes	Data 1. byte	Data 2. byte		
X	х	0	0	0							
	6byte			1byte	1byte	1byte	1byte	1byte			
									max. 252byte		

**Read n words 03h, 04h** 03h: Read n words of master output area 4x.

04h: Read n words master input area 3x.

Modbus FKT Codes

## Command telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address word	Number of words
X	x x 0 0 0 6			0	6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

## Respond telegram

M	Modbus/TCP-Header				Slave address	Function code	Number of read bytes	Data 1. word	Data 2. word	
x	х	0	0	0						
	6byte		1byte	1byte	1byte	1word	1word			
								max. 126words		

Write 1 bit 05h Code 05h: Write 1 bit to master output area 0x.

A status change is via "Status bit" with following values:

"Status bit" =  $0000h \rightarrow Bit = 0$ "Status bit" =  $FF00h \rightarrow Bit = 1$ 

## Command telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address bit	Status bit
х	x x 0 0 0 6			0	6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

## Respond telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address bit	Status bit
X	x x 0 0 6				6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

Write 1 word 06h

Code 06h: Write 1 word to master output area 4x.

### Command telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address word	Value word
x	x x 0 0 0 6			0	6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

## Respond telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address word	Value word
X	x x 0 0 6			0	6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

Modbus FKT Codes

Write n bits 0Fh

Code 0Fh: Write n bits to master output area 0x.

Please regard that the number of bits are additionally to be set in byte.

## Command telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address1 . bit	Number of bits	Number of bytes	Data 1. byte	Data 2. byte	
X	х	0	0	0									
	6byte				1byte	1byte	1word	1word	1byte	1byte	1byte	1byte	
										1	max. 248byt	е	

## Respond telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address 1. bit	Number of bits
X	x x 0 0 6				6				
	6byte					1byte	1byte	1word	1word

Write n words 10h

Code 10h: Write n words to master output area 4x.

## Command telegram

Modbus/T	TCP-Header	Slave address	Function code	Address1 . word	Number of words	Number of bytes	Data 1. word	Data 2. word	
x x (	0 0 0								
	6byte	1byte	1byte	1word	1word	1word	1word	1word	1word
							r	nax. 124byte	Э

## Respond telegram

Мо	Modbus/TCP-Header					Slave address	Function code	Address 1. word	Number of words
X	x x 0 0 0 6			0	6				
6byte						1byte	1byte	1word	1word

Mask a word 16h

Code 16h: This function allows to mask a word in the master output area 4x.

## Command telegram

Modbus/TCP-Header						Slave address	Function code	Address word	AND Mask	OR Mask
X	х	0	0	0	8					
6byte						1byte	1byte	1word	1word	1word

## Respond telegram

Modbus/TCP-Header						Slave address	Function code	Address word	AND Mask	OR Mask
X	х	0	0	0	8					
6byte						1byte	1byte	1word	1word	1word